

Crawford Avalanche

JUSTICE AND RIGHT

OSCAR P. SCHUMANN, Editor and Proprietor

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GRAYLING, MICHIGAN, SEPTEMBER 21, 1916.

NUMBER 38

Don't Eat Poor Meat

COME HERE AND GET SOMETHING

GOOD

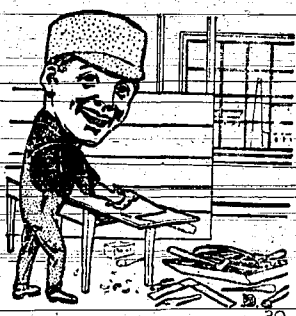
EATS MUCH BETTER COSTS NO MORE

MILK'S MARKET

F. H. Milks Phone No. 2

Edged Tools

Whether it be Saw, Plane, Chisel, Hatchet or any other kind of tool, you do not want it unless it has an edge that will cut.



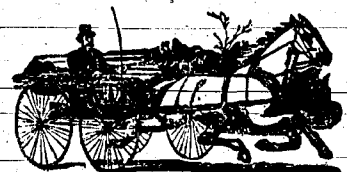
Steel quality is the first essential in all edged tools, and that is the striking characteristic of those we sell.

You look at them before you buy, and back of them is our guaranty of "cutting" quality.

SALLING, HANSON CO.

Hardware Department

LIVERY & SALES STABLES



Prompt livery service ready at anytime. Also heavy work.

Farms and Farm Lands and Village Property For Sale.

N. P. Olson, Grayling

Phone No. 384

CASSIDY'S MODEL BREAD

Is known far and wide for its purity, wholesomeness and general excellence. It is home-made in every sense—only a little better—more delicious than the usual kind. There is not a loaf of bread sold over a counter that can approach our Model or Quality Bread.

Your grocer can supply you or Phone 162

Model Bakery and Grocery

THE HOME OF PURITY AND QUALITY

GRAND RAPIDS WHOLESALERS

WILL VISIT GRAYLING FRIDAY SEPT. 29th.

Band Music, Souvenirs Fun and Speech Making.

We wish to remind our business men and other citizens that one of the finest and best bodies of business men in Michigan will be in Grayling on the evening of September 29th, at 6:30 o'clock. This is the occasion of a visit of the wholesalers of the Grand Rapids Association of Commerce. They will arrive on a special Pullman train and be accompanied by one of the best bands in the State. There

Reception to Teachers.

Many parents and citizens were in attendance at the reception given by the "Mothers' Club in the High school auditorium, Monday evening.

The affair was given to welcome the teachers who were returning, as well as those who were just beginning their year's work among us. Mr. Bundgaard gave a demonstration of class work with the 5th grade pupils in the gymnasium first. After this everyone was invited to the auditorium, where the teachers were in line to receive the old as well as new friends.

An interesting program was given, composed of songs and short talks, which were listened to with interest by everyone.

To give the occasion an air of sociability and informality, the ladies

SHOOTING POINTS FOR BEGINNERS.

From a Series Including Valuable Suggestions for Trap, Target and Field.

By Alfred P. Lane.

SMALL BORE SHOOTING. There seems to be an idea among big game hunters and military rifle shots that shooting with a .22 caliber rifle is a child's pastime and unworthy of any male who has reached the long trouser stage. Nothing could be further from the truth. The problems involved in high power rifle shooting are practically all present in miniature rifle shooting, as it is called in England. If a man learns how to hold and sight a .22 caliber rifle and can

Nice Warm Blankets

At this time of the year every family will need to stock up on warm blankets. We have added the nicest line that ever came to Grayling. They range in price from

75c. to \$3.50	Wool Blankets	Bath Robe Blankets
per pair for	\$5 and \$6	\$3, \$3.50, \$4
Cotton Blankets.	per pair.	per pair.

These are in plaid and fancy colors for men and ladies.

Baby Blankets 50c and 75c

EMIL KRAUS

Grayling's Leading Dry Goods Store

Nice Line of Umbrellas for rainy weather

GRAND RAPIDS WHOLESALERS WHO ARE COMING TO OUR TOWN



The Eleventh Annual Trade Extension Tour of the Wholesale Department of the Grand Rapids Association of Commerce, consisting of 100 men who represent over 70 leading business houses of Grand Rapids, doing \$40,000,000 worth of business during the past year, will start from the Western Michigan metropolis in an all-steel train on Tuesday, September 26th, and cover the state. These men are whole-souled and whole-hearted in their enthusiasm to boost Western Michigan's good roads, farming and municipal interests. They are greatly interested in the development of the state and believe this "get-acquainted" trip will do even more for them in the past. Toys and trinkets will be distributed by the men, a special car being used to carry the advertising souvenirs.

will be plenty of souvenirs, a special car being attached for that purpose. It will be a great day for Grayling when these big business men of the big Western Michigan city strike here with their music and fun-making bunch. Everybody is invited to come out that evening and we trust that our people will be out in full force to welcome the visitors. This invitation is meant for our farmer friends as well as town people.

Why Cuthbertson Don't Fight Gene Labelle.

Grayling, Sept. 11, 1916.

Dear Sir—Will you kindly print a few lines in your paper, in regards to the reason why Gene Labelle, the soldier boxer who is camping out at the Portage, and I do not box. The officer's tell the Grayling people that they do not understand why I do not go out there and box this man Labelle again, as they have made me so many different offers. Right now I will say, as I have said a good many times, that nothing I would like better than to get this man Labelle in the ring with me for ten rounds or more, but I must have at least two weeks training before I could think of boxing anybody. These guys always offer me a match on two or three days notice. They seem to want to get me when out of condition so their man would have a better chance to win, but I will not box unless they will give me two weeks time to get in shape, then I don't care who comes. I will be ready to fight anybody they select. But before I go in to training I must see some money in sight as it costs something to train. Sparring partners will not help train unless they get something. And if I do box this Labelle again somebody is going to be cleaned right as I intend to be in the very best condition that I can get in. So if they will not give me time to get in shape, they had better not waste time talking about it, as nobody knows better than Jim Cuthbertson that a man must be in condition before he can give a good account of himself. If they want a real good boxer on short notice, long Jimmy Brady writes he will be glad to mix it with this welter-weight boxer, Gene Labelle. I think I have explained plain enough so the people really know that I am not to blame for not meeting again. Thanking you, I am,

Yours truly,

James Cuthbertson.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

This is a medicine that every family should be provided with. Colic and diarrhoea often come on suddenly and it is often of the greatest importance that they be treated promptly. Consider the suffering that must be endured until a physician arrives or medicine can be obtained. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy has a reputation second to none for the quick relief which it affords. Obtainable everywhere.

Subscribe for the Avalanche.

of the Mothers' club served coffee and doughnuts in the basement which added greatly to the enjoyment of the evening.

Such an occasion as this should be given each year, so that our teachers may feel that they have a place among us. And that parents may feel that they are acquainted with the teachers with whom their children spend the greater part of each day, and from whom they are receiving lasting impressions which are shaping their characters.

James B. Angell Memorial Day October 13.

To the Teachers of Michigan: It is especially fitting that the schools of Michigan pay tribute to the memory of James B. Angell. I therefore designate Friday, October 13 as Angell Day and suggest that appropriate exercises be held on that day in the schools of Michigan in honor of his memory.

Teachers should acquaint the boys and girls of Michigan with the possibilities that our system of schools puts before them. They should be made to know and feel that these things are within the reach of all. A study of the life and work of Dr. Angell will be an inspiration to every child in Michigan—an inspiration that will be a deciding influence in the lives of many.

A bulletin has been prepared to suggest suitable material for a program on Angell Day. Teachers will of course not confine themselves to the material there given. Programs should be varied as occasion suggests. Most communities in Michigan have citizens, who are graduates of the University of Michigan. These should be called upon to contribute their intimate knowledge of the University and its famous president.

Respectfully,

Fred L. Keeler,

Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Boarding Houses Wanted.

Any person, who desires to take boarders will kindly communicate with G. F. Brendlinger, A. E. in care of duPont company, stating how many boarders they can accommodate and a rate per week for board and room. All boards will be guaranteed. In replying, state whether or not, you have modern conveniences.

Try a package of Dr. Navaun's Kidney tablets. For sale at the A. M. Lewis drug store.

Are You Looking Old?

Old age comes quick enough without inviting it. Some look old at forty. That is because they neglect the liver and bowels. Keep your bowels regular and your liver healthy and you will not only feel younger but look younger. When troubled with constipation or biliousness take Chamberlain's Tablets. They are intended especially for these ailments and are excellent. Easy to take and most agreeable in effect. Obtainable everywhere.

make good scores at short ranges with this weapon, he has laid an excellent foundation for skill with an army rifle, although he may never have fired a shot from the larger weapon. Anyone who was present at the Peckskill shoot of the New York public school boys will certainly bear me out in this statement. At this shoot, large numbers of boys from the public schools of New York, who were good marksmen with the .22 rifle shot the Government Springfield at the 200 and 500 yard ranges and the scores they made would be eye-openers to those, who snicker at the humble .22.

N. R. A. CLUBS.

Small bore shooting as conducted by the civilian clubs associated with the National Rifle Association is at 25 yards indoors and 50 and 100 yards outdoors. The indoor target has a bulls-eye 2 inches in diameter with inner rings 1/4 inch apart, the center or

ten rings being 1/4 inch in diameter. In other words, the 7, 8, 9 and 10 rings are in the black of the bulls-eye. The standard target has six bulls-eyes on it, arranged in a circle around the center of the target, the object of this arrangement being to economize on paper and in the time necessary to change targets. This target must be placed twenty-five yards from the muzzle of the rifle.

All indoor shooting by civilian clubs is done slow fire and from the prone position. The most popular rifles are those weighing from seven to eight and one-half pounds of the singleshot type.

The rules regarding sights permit the use of any sights not containing glass. Most of the shooters use a front sight of the aperture type, which sight consists of a stem and a loop, the bulls-eye being centered in the hole in the loop. The rear sight is a peep sight and is placed back on the tang of the rifle as near to the eye as possible. The rules also permit the use of a sling strap and consequently everybody uses one. This is fastened to the forearm or the barrel at a point a few inches forward of the point grasped by the left hand. There is considerable skill and knowledge involved in the proper use of a sling strap. The user may use it in such a way as to obtain great benefit or he may apply it in such fashion that it is positively a detriment. The best way is to have it run back from the point at which it is fastened on the right side of the left wrist to a point as high on the upper arm as possible. The arm in combination with the strap then forms a triangle which is one of

the recognized forms in which material is placed to secure rigidity. There does not seem to be any practical method of applying a sling strap to the conventional light weight repeating rifle so as to permit its use for this class of shooting. I have tried it myself and the result so far has been unsatisfactory. I am still working on the problem, however, and if I find any solution of it you may be sure I will announce it in this column, as numbers of shooters would prefer to use their regular .22 caliber hunting rifles rather than purchase a special model.

For Sale

One Stump Puller,
One Root Puller,
200 feet two-inch Cable,
50 feet one-inch Cable,
Cost \$282.00.

One Canopy Top Wagon
two-seated, \$50.00.

Will trade for cattle
and pigs.

Dr. C. F. Underhill
Lovells, Mich.

GRAYLING OPERA HOUSE Friday, Sept. 22

ONE NIGHT ONLY

THE SENSATION OF SENSATIONS

THE RINGING RECORD OF THE SEASON
PLAYING TO CROWDED HOUSES EVERYWHERE

Robert Sherman Presents

THE GREATEST WHITE SLAVE PLAY EVER WRITTEN

The GIRL WITHOUT

A Moral and Fearless Plea for the betterment of Young Girls who are without Parents and Homes.—A complete scenic production.

COMEDY
PATHOS
TEARS
LAUGHS

A Gripping
Story
With Tense
Situations

A CHANCE

BY WHITNEY COLLINS

THIS IS NOT A MOVING PICTURE

Prices 50 and 75c

RESERVED SEATS ON SALE AT THE CENTRAL DRUG STORE

NOTE--Positively No Children Under 16 Admitted

"HOME FEELING" NORTH AND SOUTH

GUARDSMEN IN GRAYLING ARE RESTLESS, NEED WINTER EQUIPMENT IT IS SAID.

SOME LONELY WORK IN TEXAS

Starline Coming From The State Camps And The Border Show That Service Is Not Encouraging.

Grayling, Mich.—What are we here for? Might be a question one soldier would ask of another. There is no question that service on the border is, and has been the desire of the Thirty-third regiment but the home feeling is growing, unless the information from Washington that the hoped for trip is coming encourages the guardsmen and takes the feeling away by an actual move in that direction. Though some preparations have been made for cold weather, the men have not proper clothing to protect them from cold waves in the north, however, serviceable their supply may be for the south, which looks so attractive to them now. One bit of news caused mixed emotions. That was to the effect that the national guard would be kept on the border until Carranza showed that he could protect American lives and American property. The organizations here want to go to the border, but a long stay—waiting the only service would pull just as at most three months in a mobilization camp has passed.

Home Feeling in Texas.

El Paso, Texas.—Letters from the guardsmen in Grayling, and stories told in the papers received here of the "want-to-go-home" feeling or to do some real active work is permeating the regiments on the border and "when are we going home?" is a frequent question asked but there is no answer that can be given. It is thought in military circles that the mobilization board now attempting to settle Mexican troubles will agree to the withdrawal of the Pershing expedition from Mexico. With this force of regulars added to those already on the border it is thought the need for state troops will end.

Sentry Duty Is Lonely.

El Paso, Texas.—The vigil on the border line now places some of the guardsmen in very lonely places where they must look sharp, more swiftly and silently and be ready for any emergency. It was in a remote outpost on the night before Independence day in Juarez that some of the Michigan guardsmen were on duty. It was a part of the sentry's duty, to go down into an arroyo periodically and stand on the Villa trail, the narrow pass through which Villa took his men on his victorious march into Juarez. The shouts of the celebrating Mexicans were heard throughout the night in Juarez, but scarcely a soul passed this lonely spot. The sentry was disturbed only by the visit of the officer of the day, who had the task of inspecting the guard.

Could Quickly Destroy Juarez.

El Paso, Texas.—On the crest of a hill which rises above El Paso designated as Keen Place, and situated at the base of Mount Franklin, are stationed four quick-firing field pieces. Since June 27 they have been there, trained on the city of Juarez, four miles away, across the Rio Grande. Until October 1st it will be the work of Captain Julius Herman, of Company C, Thirty-first regiment, to guard these weapons. No civilian is allowed to approach them and they are in constant readiness for action. When the mobilization order was issued, Juarez was to be directed into the city across the river. Each one throws a 60-pound projectile four miles, and it is said in action they would be able to destroy the Juarez water and electric plants, and both international bridges in fewer than 10 minutes.

At the annual meeting of the Michigan Bean Growers' association held at Grand Rapids jointly with the annual meeting of the Michigan Bean Growers' association, it was practically decided to establish as the standard price for October \$5 a bushel for beans. It was also recommended that an addition of over 10 or 15 cents a bushel be added later in the season for storage and handling charges.

Infantile paralysis, which took a decided drop in the reports received at the office of the state board of health, only four new cases being sent in. These came one each from River Rouge, Sandusky, Marquette and Sunfield township, Eaton county.

Michigan candidates for congress all kept well within the limit of \$1,875 campaign expenses for the primary election, fixed by the state law, as indicated by after-primary statements so far received by the clerk of the house of representatives at Washington.

"The boy martyr" of St. Mary's hospital at Grand Rapids, is dead. He was Clarence Chiebek, 18 years old, who was constantly in pain for four years before his death. The boy was hurt four years ago and a disease of the bones resulted.

Potter Sabie, of Chicago, has just completed a religious census of Ypsilanti, made under the direction of Rev. William Melman, of St. Luke's church. His records show that there are 1,287 families in Ypsilanti and that 1,287 of these families are regular or occasional church attendants.

MICHIGAN NEWS BRIEFS

Fifty members of the Eleventh Michigan cavalry, civil war veterans, held their reunion at Ann Arbor.

The entrance of the Pennsylvania railroad into Detroit will involve an expenditure of \$10,000,000 or more.

William Martin, alias Robert Dicker, was arrested at Powers, Menominee county, for stabbing Mike Kouzner, of Iron county.

Steps have been taken by Lenawee county autoists to organize an automobile club. There are 4,000 autoists in the county.

Tustin high school has been closed for one week on account of an epidemic of measles. Several pupils are suffering with the malady.

Harry Watson, a member of the Jackson prison choir, escaped by sawing a bar in a window in the prison chapel and sliding to the ground on a rope.

Capt. John Hyson, for 27 years keeper of the Manistee station of the U. S. Coast Guard service, has ended his career as a mariner and a life saver.

Seventy out of the 97 young men who were examined by the state board of law examiners successfully passed the examination and will be admitted to the bar.

Ulysses Ventura was sentenced for seven to fifteen years when convicted of the slaying of Aloysius Gunville, an Ishpeming high school boy, on July 15.

Gov. Ferris has paroled Thomas Merritt, who was sentenced to Marquette prison from Manistee June 5, 1913, to serve from three to 12 years for a statutory offense.

Announcement was made that the United States government will establish an examining board in Grand Rapids to examine officers for the engineers corps of the officers reserve corps.

Sixteen children found to be tubercular by the state board of health have been refused admission to the public schools of South St. Mary. They may be cured for in an open air school.

John Kramer, Milwaukee farmer, was blown down and tragically injured when a stick of dynamite with which he was blowing stumps went off just as he was investigating its failure to explode.

Sleeper's plurality over Leland for the republican nomination for governor will run close to 15,000, according to complete returns from 64 counties by the state canvassing board. Dickema will run third.

An argument over the war in Europe led to the fatal shooting of Louis Pasinanti, French, aged 35, at Hermanus, Menominee county. William Custerhoest, German, was arrested, charged with murder.

Arrangements have been completed for the eighth annual session of the Michigan conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, which will be held in First Church at Grand Rapids, September 26 to October 2.

After fighting for life for 20 hours with his intestines torn as a result of a gunshot wound inflicted when his wife, in a drunken state, shot him, Edward Rockwell, aged 50, died at his farm home in Van Buren county.

Frank Runiger, an employee at the A. B. Stone company of Battle Creek made a wager he could lift 100 pounds from the floor to a truck. He did, but soon after the truck was wheeled out of the room, Runiger followed on a stretcher. He is now in Nicholas hospital in a serious condition. The effort nearly broke his back.

Robina Johnson, five years old, of Pontiac, one of the first Michigan victims of infantile paralysis after the outbreak of the epidemic in New York, is beginning to walk again. At the Children's Free hospital, where she has been a patient for six months, her legs, which were paralyzed from the hips, are resuming normality.

An official proclamation was issued by Secretary of State Vaughan, putting into effect the Ogg bill passed at the last session of the legislature, which requires fraternal beneficiary societies to maintain rituals. The bill would have become effective a year ago, but inhibitory petitions were filed to submit it to a vote at the November election this year. The petitions were defective.

Joseph Ekkelkamp, a Spring Lake young man, received the charge of a shotgun full in the face from an unknown hunter shortly after he had started with a party of friends on the first duck hunt of the season. The sight of both eyes will be lost. Ekkelkamp was placed upon a special train, care and taken to a Grand Rapids hospital where it is said he had an even chance to live.

Charles Madison, 57, suffered a broken back and is not expected to live and Dell Houllie, 57, broke his leg when a front wall of a store adjoining that which they were remodeling collapsed at Flint.

Fred Keeler, superintendent of public instructions, has designated Friday, Oct. 13, as Angell day in all the public schools of the state, and has requested that appropriate exercises be held in honor of the memory of James B. Angell, who for nearly half a century was president of the University of Michigan.

George L. Donovan will accompany the aviator on a flight at West Branch during the first day of the Ogemaw county fair, October 4. Mr. Donovan has been blind for 30 years. He was at one time editor of the local weekly paper.

Arthur Waltonen, Ironwood barber who confessed a part in a servant plot to kill Mrs. Elizabeth Nichols, of New York, jumped from a train east of Buffalo, N. Y., while on his way back to New York city to face trial for murder. He was fatally injured.

CRUSHING BLOWS STRUCK BY SERBS

BULGARIAN RIGHT WING IN MACEDONIA IS IN THE GRAVEST PERIL.

SERBS CAPTURE FLORINA

Led By Their King, Prince Alexander, the Serbs Have Been Leaping From One Victory to Another.

London.—The entire Bulgarian right wing in Macedonia is in the gravest peril of being captured or annihilated by the Franco-Russo-Serb forces forming the Allies' left wing. Monastir, the chief Bulgarian base of support in Macedonia is menaced by an iron ring which is swiftly drawing tighter and tighter, threatening to throttle the defending army in its clutch. Florina, the southern gate to Monastir, 17 miles away, was formally occupied by the French in a dashing assault that swept the Bulgarians from their last positions in the town. The Bulgarians were driven into a retreat not only here but to the west and south-west of Monastir as well, where the Serbs inflicted crushing defeats on them, taking by storm the first and second Bulgarian defense lines.

A dispatch from Athens reported the Bulgarians surrounded by the Franco-Serbian troops. "The Bulgarians are falling back precipitantly on Monastir," added the message. General Sarrahl's headquarters report in announcing the capture of Florina, stated that the Bulgarians are "retreating in disorder in the direction of Monastir."

Another dispatch places the pursuers on the Drama-Kenally (Kenally-Lati line, at the nearest point only nine miles south of Monastir. The Franco-Russian left, at Resna, 18 miles northwest of Monastir, threatens to sweep down upon the city at any moment, co-operating with the French and Serbs advancing from the south and west.

All dispatches from the Macedonian front, official and unofficial, show that the complete reconquest of Serbia has begun in earnest. Growing praise is paid by General Sarrahl to the dash and gallantry of the Serbs. Led by their prospective king, Prince Alexander, they have been leaping from one victory to another since the very moment the half-apprarent himself fired the opening gun.

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U. S. MILITIA CHIEF DIES OF PNEUMONIA

MAJOR-GEN. ALBERT L. MILLS.



MAJOR-GEN. ALBERT L. MILLS.

Washington.—Major General Albert L. Mills, chief of the division of militia affairs, died at his home here September 18, after 15 hours illness from pneumonia. General Mills was a native of New York and was appointed to the military academy from that state in 1874. He served with distinction through the Spanish war and the Philippine insurrection, and in 1904 was promoted by President Roosevelt from the rank of captain to brigadier-general. For several years he served as commander of the department of the Gulf, with headquarters at Atlanta, Ga. Only last month he was commissioned a major-general.

ABOUT PENSION CLAIMS

Guardsmen May Have Signed Their Rights Away.

Grayling, Mich.—As a result of the National Guard being called into the service of the United States, a new code of pension law will be brought into existence within a few years of the battle of Gettysburg. Right now all over the United States, regular army officers are engaged in a battle of wits with the men who are being mustered out and who are regarded as possible pensioners. Here at Grayling, for instance, when men come from El Paso to be mustered out, part of the formality is to present them with the statement for their signature which is meant to block further applications for pensions. This statement says that the signer is in as good health as when he enlisted, and that he has not had any sickness.

"So far as I know," said Maj. Wells, "only one man out of 200 who were mustered out here has a clear case for a pension."

"I do not remember that any man has failed to sign the statement that he is in good health as when he enlisted," he said. "The men are not obliged to sign those statements. We simply put them up to them in order to safeguard the government from unjust pension claims. There is no penalty for refusal to sign."

A RECORD HIKE

Fourteen Thousand Men Are On the March Now.

San Antonio, Texas.—Fourteen thousand men and six thousand officers of the regular army and national guard left San Antonio on the biggest practice march in the history of the American army, and 83-mile hike to Austin, which is expected to give the men who compose the twelfth provisional division, marching experience under what would amount to war conditions.

Eight days will be consumed en route, the soldiers will stay three days at Camp Eabry, and eight days will be sent in the return to San Antonio. After that the Wisconsin, Illinois, Kansas, Texas and Missouri guardsmen in the division or expected to be as fit for service in the field as the regular army-men.

TELEGRAPHIC FLASHES

Turin.—Aviator Repin with two passengers beat the world's light record, rising 6,300 meters (more than 20,000 feet).

Washington.—Salary increases for rural mail carriers, provided for under the last postoffice bill, will be applied to the fiscal year of 1915.

St. Paul.—A preliminary inventory of the estate of the late James J. Hill shows Minnesota holdings approximating \$40,000,000, on which \$1,250,000 inheritance tax would be paid to this state.

Denver.—Colorado's first snow of the season at Leadville amounts to nearly one inch.

Jersey City, N. J.—Dissatisfied with their food, it is said 75 non-commissioned officers and men of the Fourth regiment, National Guard of New Jersey, deserted at Sea Girt and started for their home.

Mayetta, Kan.—The Potawatomie Indians, soon will institute legal proceedings to gain possession of the entire lake front of Chicago from Michigan avenue to the edge of Lake Michigan.

Madrid.—Spain has made a sharp protest to Germany against its practice of sinking peaceful Spanish ships, and has demanded that there be a modification of the submarine campaign.

A three years' campaign of education to unify and standardize the printing business was planned at the United Typothetae and Franklin Clubs of America, its annual convention. The campaign will cost more than \$1,000,000.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

Live Stock.

DETROIT.—Cattle receipts, 3,418. Best heavy steers, \$7.50@8.00; best handy weight butchers steers, \$7.00@7.25; mixed steers and heifers, \$5.50@6.25; handy light butchers, \$5.25@5.75; light butchers, \$5.00@5.50; best cows, \$5.75@6.25; butcher cows, \$5.00@5.25; common cows, \$4.50@5.00; canners, \$2.25@2.45; best heavy bulls, \$6.00@6.50; bologna bulls, \$5.25@5.50; stock bulls, \$4.50@5.50; heifers, \$5.00@7.00; stockers, \$5.00@5.25; milkers and springers, \$4.00@5.00. The veal calf trade opened up steady with last week, the tops bringing \$13, but they started to drag and the bulk of the good ones brought \$12 to \$12.50 with an occasional extra fancy one at \$13 and common and heavy grades selling at from \$5 to \$8.

Sheep and lambs receipts, 9,477. Best lambs, \$10.50@11.00; fair lambs, \$9.75@10.25; light to common lambs, \$8.00@9.00; fair to good sheep, \$5.00@6.75; culls and common, \$4.00@5.00.

Hogs receipts, 9,787. The quality was common, and the very best would not bring over \$10.50, bulk of sales being \$10 to \$10.75 for Yorkers and heavy and \$8 to \$9 for pigs; grassers, \$9.75 to \$10.25.

EAST BUFFALO.—Cattle: Receipts, 20 cars; market slow, 10¢ to 15¢ lower; choice to prime native steers, \$9.50@10.00; good to choice, \$8.50@9.00; fair to good, \$7.50@8.00; plain to coarse, \$7.00@7.50; Canadian steers, 1,300 to 1,400 lbs., \$8.00@8.25; do., 1,250 to 1,350 lbs., \$7.50@8.00; do., mixed heifers and steers, \$7.50@8.00; yearling steers, \$7.50@8.00; light butcher steers, \$6.50@7.25; best butchering steers and heifers, mixed, \$7.25@7.75; western heifers, \$6.50@7.50; best heavy fat cows, \$6.50@7.75; butcher cows, \$6.25@6.75; culls, \$5.25@6.45; canners, \$2.25@2.75; fancy bulls, \$5.50@7.00; butcher bulls, \$5.00@6.25; common bulls, \$5.00@5.25; good steers, \$6.25@6.50; light common steers, \$5.25@5.50; feeders, \$5.00@7.00; milkers and springers, \$7.00@10.00. Hogs—Receipts, 80 cars; strong; heavy, \$11.50@11.70; mixed and Yorkers, \$11.25@11.50; pigs, \$9.25@9.75; lights, \$10.00@10.25. Sheep and lambs: Receipts, 40 cars; market active, 15¢ higher; top lambs, \$14.50@15.75; yearlings, \$12.25@12.50; weathers, \$8.00@8.25; ewes, \$7.25@7.75. Calves: Receipts, 500; steady; tops, \$13.15@13.25; fair to good, \$12.00@12.50; fed calves, \$5.00@5.50.

Grain Etc.

DETROIT.—WHEAT—Cash No. 2 red, \$1.48 1/2; December opened with a gain of 1/2¢ at \$1.56, advanced to \$1.57, declined to \$1.51 1/2, and closed at \$1.53 1/2. May opened at \$1.61, advanced to \$1.62, declined to \$1.55 1/2, and closed at \$1.57 1/2. No 1 white, \$1.43 1/2.

CORN—Cash No. 2, 87¢; No 3, 84¢; No 4, 82¢; No 5, 80¢; No 6, 78¢; No 7, 76¢; No 8, 74¢; No 9, 72¢; No 10, 70¢; No 11, 68¢; No 12, 66¢; No 13, 64¢; No 14, 62¢; No 15, 60¢; No 16, 58¢; No 17, 56¢; No 18, 54¢; No 19, 52¢; No 20, 50¢; No 21, 48¢; No 22, 46¢; No 23, 44¢; No 24, 42¢; No 25, 40¢; No 26, 38¢; No 27, 36¢; No 28, 34¢; No 29, 32¢; No 30, 30¢; No 31, 28¢; No 32, 26¢; No 33, 24¢; No 34, 22¢; No 35, 20¢; No 36, 18¢; No 37, 16¢; No 38, 14¢; No 39, 12¢; No 40, 10¢; No 41, 8¢; No 42, 6¢; No 43, 4¢; No 44, 2¢; No 45, 0¢; No 46, 0¢; No 47, 0¢; No 48, 0¢; No 49, 0¢; No 50, 0¢; No 51, 0¢; No 52, 0¢; No 53, 0¢; No 54, 0¢; No 55, 0¢; No 56, 0¢; No 57, 0¢; No 58, 0¢; No 59, 0¢; No 60, 0¢; No 61, 0¢; No 62, 0¢; No 63, 0¢; No 64, 0¢; No 65, 0¢; No 66, 0¢; No 67, 0¢; No 68, 0¢; No 69, 0¢; No 70, 0¢; No 71, 0¢; No 72, 0¢; No 73, 0¢; No 74, 0¢; No 75, 0¢; No 76, 0¢; No 77, 0¢; No 78, 0¢; No 79, 0¢; No 80, 0¢; No 81, 0¢; No 82, 0¢; No 83, 0¢; No 84, 0¢; No 85, 0¢; No 86, 0¢; No 87, 0¢; No 88, 0¢; No 89, 0¢; No 90, 0¢; No 91, 0¢; No 92, 0¢; No 93, 0¢; No 94, 0¢; No 95, 0¢; No 96, 0¢; No 97, 0¢; No 98, 0¢; No 99, 0¢; No 100, 0¢; No 101, 0¢; No 102, 0¢; No 103, 0¢; No 104, 0¢; No 105, 0¢; No 106, 0¢; No 107, 0¢; No 108, 0¢; No 109, 0¢; No 110, 0¢; No 111, 0¢; No 112, 0¢; No 113, 0¢; No 114, 0¢; No 115, 0¢; No 116, 0¢; No 117, 0¢; No 118, 0¢; No 119, 0¢; No 120, 0¢; No 121, 0¢; No 122, 0¢; No 123, 0¢; No 124, 0¢; No 125, 0¢; No 126, 0¢; No 127, 0¢; No 128, 0¢; No 129, 0¢; No 130, 0¢; No 131, 0¢; No 132, 0¢; No 133, 0¢; No 134, 0¢; No 135, 0¢; No 136, 0¢; No 137, 0¢; No 138, 0¢; No 139, 0¢; No 140, 0¢; No 141, 0¢; No 142, 0¢; No 143, 0¢; No 144, 0¢; No 145, 0¢; No 146, 0¢; No 147, 0¢; No 148, 0¢; No 149, 0¢; No 150, 0¢; No 151, 0¢; No 152, 0¢; No 153, 0¢; No 154, 0¢; No 155, 0¢; No 156, 0¢; No 157, 0¢; No 158, 0¢; No 159, 0¢; No 160, 0¢; No 161, 0¢; No 162, 0¢; No 163, 0¢; No 164, 0¢; No 165, 0¢; No 166, 0¢; No 167, 0¢; No 168, 0¢; No 169, 0¢; No 170, 0¢; No 171, 0¢; No 172, 0¢; No 173, 0¢; No 174, 0¢; No 175, 0¢; No 176, 0¢; No 177, 0¢; No 178, 0¢; No 179, 0¢; No 180, 0¢; No 181, 0¢; No 182, 0¢; No 183, 0¢; No 184, 0¢; No 185, 0¢; No 186, 0¢; No 187, 0¢; No 188, 0¢; No 189, 0¢; No 190, 0¢; No 191, 0¢; No 192, 0¢; No 193, 0¢; No 194, 0¢; No 195, 0¢; No 196, 0¢; No 197, 0¢; No 198, 0¢; No 199, 0¢; No 200, 0¢; No 201, 0¢; No 202, 0¢; No 203, 0¢; No 204, 0¢; No 205, 0¢; No 206, 0¢; No 207, 0¢; No 208, 0¢; No 209, 0¢; No 210, 0¢; No 211, 0¢; No 212, 0¢; No 213, 0¢; No 214, 0¢; No 215, 0¢; No 216, 0¢; No 217, 0¢; No 218, 0¢; No 219, 0¢; No 220, 0¢; No 221, 0¢; No 222, 0¢; No 223, 0¢; No 224, 0¢; No 225, 0¢; No 226, 0¢; No 227, 0¢; No 228, 0¢; No 229, 0¢; No 230, 0¢; No 231, 0¢; No 232, 0¢; No 233, 0¢; No 234, 0¢; No 235, 0¢; No 236, 0¢; No 237, 0¢; No 238, 0¢; No 239, 0¢; No 240, 0¢; No 241, 0¢; No 242, 0¢; No 243, 0¢; No 244, 0¢; No 245, 0¢; No 246, 0¢; No 247, 0¢; No 248, 0¢; No 249, 0¢; No 250, 0¢; No 251, 0¢; No 252, 0¢; No 253, 0¢; No 254, 0¢; No 255, 0¢; No 256, 0¢; No 257,

SCANDINAVIAN NEWS

SUMMARY OF IMPORTANT MAP-
PENINGS IN FAR OFF
NORTHLAND.

ITEMS FROM THE OLD HOME

Resume of the Most Important Events in Sweden, Norway and Denmark of Interest to the Scandinavians in America.

NORWAY.

The Norwegians are using part of the riches which they are piling up during the war as a means of gaining the control of industrial establishments which had been started by foreign capitalists. One of the most noted of such establishments is the Borregard factory, near Sarpsborg. It is realized that such concerns breed a lot of workmen who are not patriotic Norwegians. The Borregard property is really a thorn in the flesh of liberty-loving Norwegians. The people of the community have mustered a handsome majority against the sale of the place. But the English proprietors have always been backed by the courts of Norway to the effect that the Borregard liquor license is a "vested right" which cannot be taken away unless the one who holds it is willing to let it go. If the Norwegians obtain a majority of the stocks of the company it seems to be a foregone conclusion that the will of the people of the community shall prevail with regard to this saloon. The property includes vast forests and must be worth \$10,000,000 or \$12,000,000.

Dr. Anton Nystrom, a noted Swedish pacifist, has been visiting in Norway for the purpose of ascertaining the manner in which King Karl XII of Sweden was killed at the fortress of Fredriksten, Norway, 200 years ago. Doctor Nystrom agrees with those who claim that the great war-like was assassinated by a Frenchman, and some Swedes. This is an old story, and does not call for any special comment. But the picture which he draws of the character of King Karl XII is certainly enough to stagger any good Swede. According to Doctor Nystrom, King Karl was no hero; he was the worst king that Sweden ever had; and his memory does not deserve to be honored by the Swedish people. And his "miraculous" trip into Norway should be forgotten, the sooner the better. Therefore his monument at Fredriksten should be removed.

The people of Norway are taking an interest in the filling of the soil which on one occasion a few years ago. According to an old saying to cultivate the soil is to worship God. As a matter of fact, there are thousands of Norwegians who are taking to the filling of the soil with something like a religious enthusiasm. In some schools it is almost a craze, but the hard-headed business men of the country are also backing the movement. A bank has been established for the special benefit of people who want to buy lots or farms. It is financially backed by the communities. Bonds have been offered to the amount of \$900,000. The investments are perfectly safe, for the bank is controlled by the national government. The government is encouraging the investment of the estates of minors in this bank.

The house rent is still climbing in the Norwegian capital. As a striking proof of the situation it is mentioned that a man has advertised in the newspapers that he is willing to pay upwards of \$500 a year for a suite of four or five rooms. Such advertisements are of course a great encouragement to house owners, who are ready to squeeze the last penny they can get out of their tenants.

Oscar Mathiesen, the Norwegian champion skater, is going to visit America next winter. He will be here some time before the opening of the season, in order to become familiar with the ways of the people of the new world. He admits that he expects to find a number of worthy competitors. His family will remain in Norway, and he expects to return home next spring.

SWEDEN.

Plans have been perfected for making charcoal out of peat, according to a method which has proved successful in Germany. The finished product is really a special kind of coke, which, however, produces just as much heat as the best coke. Three pounds of peat will make about one pound of coke, and a number of valuable by-products. The cost of a plant large enough to make it pay is about \$80,000, which is considered reasonable.

Sweden exported 20,000 reapers and mowers to Russia last summer, and it is expected that this number will be trebled next year. Sweden also exported 700 tons of binding twine during the past season. Tractors for farm work are also exported to Russia by the hundreds.

The parish of Tanum was recently visited by a hailstorm, which did much damage. The hailstones were as large as plums, and it took three days of very warm weather to thaw out the biggest sizes of them.

The health of Queen Victoria permitted her to leave Germany for Sweden August 2, and she was to spend some time at the Sollden summer palace.

The value of the crops of Sweden are put at about \$200,000,000 a year, but this year's crops are said to be worth about twice this amount.

The king has granted permission to take up a collection in every church in the country for the purchase of Bibles for the army and navy.

To make clothes out of peat would seem to be a forlorn traffic. But a Swede has actually turned this trick, and at least five persons in Sweden are known to be wearing peat clothes. In fact the invention was made 20 years ago by Ernst Jegerneus, a Gothenburg engineer. But the invention was at that time considered worthless because peat clothing proved to be too expensive. Now the price of textiles has mounted to such heights that the proposition seems more reasonable than it did 20 years ago. The natural color of the fibers is very beautiful. One of the few holding the distinction of wearing peat clothing is Dr. H. von Melliten of Jonkoping, who says he is well pleased with the garment.

Johannes Danielsson, a farmer at Omlund, Vasterbotten, celebrated his ninetieth birthday July 26, surrounded by his family and other relatives and friends. What made the event so interesting, however, was the fact that on the same day he had to swing his scythe in a heavy field of clover. Those who were present got the impression that he may run his farm for years to come.

The Swedish fishermen who went to Iceland last spring made a magnificent haul. The government food commission bought the fish, and the ships were ready to take the goods to Sweden when England threatened to take everything at a price of a little over five cents a pound. The whole catch amounted to about 125,000 barrels of herring.

Such a large number of graves have been found in the island of Gotland that it is proposed to save them by collecting them in a museum to be built for that purpose. It is said that if nothing is done to preserve them many of them will be destroyed in the near future.

DENMARK.

There are about 2,500,000 acres of tillable land in Denmark, mostly cut up in small farms, of which those in between 35 and 40 acres preponderate. Now the farmers have cooperative creameries in all districts and local produce has become a real industry. About 50 per cent of the small farms and their cattle are affiliated with the cooperative creameries. All plant and stock raisings of cattle is registered under this cooperative movement. The 1,200 creameries of the country are centrally located at railway stations and the creameries or dairies collect a head and cheese tax. The dairies have been established since 1900. The government employs a trained man to travel from farm to farm and test the milk and suggest changes of breed to increase the fat content. For the purpose of good milk there are associations known as cattle breeding unions. There are almost 1,000 of these, with more than 230,000 cows. The government estimated \$200,000 in 1915 to this association. There are also a dozen local export dairies and butter works. \$12,000,000 was exported through them in 1914. Danish butter is sold on the English market under a special label, "The Blue Mark," which is protected by law, and it is a Danish creamery does not conform with the standard prescribed by the state. It is not the mark upon its butter is taken away. There is also a cooperative slaughterhouse to which 12,000 farmers belong in Denmark today. The government spends annually \$80,000 for meat inspection. Farmers own the Danish slaughterhouses, and the Danish Bacon company of London, and in 1915 \$10,000,000 was exported from this firm for \$20,000,000. Denmark's egg output is largely in the hands of the Danish cooperative egg export and slaughterhouses. It is required by law to have the date of laying of the egg stamped on each egg, together with the name of the egg producer. Ten million dollars worth of eggs were exported in 1915. The trust formed this year to control the importation of fertilizing agents was quickly and effectively killed by the Danish Co-operative Manure society, to which 98 per cent of the Danish farmers belong.

So much fresh fish was taken to leave a few days ago that it was impossible to pack it all down for shipping. Some of it was taken to neighboring towns. But that did not improve the situation much, for a regular ice famine was on. Norway is supposed to be a dependable supplier, but even there it failed. To show the anomaly of the situation it may be mentioned that some ice was shipped in from Hamburg, the great commercial port of northern Germany.

The government hired experts to study the coal problem in the Faeroe islands, but the result was unsatisfactory. The best coal mines are in Suidero, but they are so poor that it will not pay to develop the mines for shipping beyond the neighborhood.

The farmers in the vicinity of Aars are complaining bitterly about the damage done by foxes. It has happened that a fox would come in the middle of the day and help himself to half a dozen chickens, and this is rather expensive fox-feeding. The right to hunt in that part of the country belongs to the county of Lindenborg, and in former years a regular fox hunt took place once a year. But the foxes have been neglected on account of the war, and now they are becoming regular pests.

In resolutions adopted the legislature at St. Thomas, D. W. I., urged the Danish government to sell the Danish West Indies to the United States as speedily as possible to end present uncertainty. The resolutions which were adopted unanimously were embodied in the finance minister of Denmark at Copenhagen.

Many farmers in the country around Skovbo have succeeded in keeping down the fly pest in their barns by leaving the windows open so that swallows could build nests in the barns.

Second Coming
of Christ

By REV. JAMES M. GRAY, D.D.
Dean of Moody Bible Institute,
Chicago

TEXT—Waiting for the coming of our Lord Jesus Christ—1 Cor. i.

There is unusual interest at this time in the second coming of Christ, and many are the inquiries as to what it means and when it may take place.

The importance of the subject from the divine point of view is seen in that it is alluded to over 300 times in the New Testament. Indeed, perhaps there is no doctrine of Christianity dwelt upon to such an extent as this, unless it be the fundamental one of our redemption through the cross.

What Does It Mean?

The second coming of Christ means a personal, in the sense of a visitor, reappearing of one Lord on this earth. Such seems to be the teaching of his own words when, in the presence of the high priest he said: "Hereafter shall ye see the son of man sitting on the right hand of power and coming in the clouds of heaven." This is recorded in the 26th of Matthew at the 64th verse. The angels taught the same truth to the disciples on the Mount of Olives when they said, "Ye men of Galilee, why stand ye here looking up into heaven? This same Jesus, which is taken up from you, shall so come in like manner as ye have seen him go into heaven." This is recorded in Acts i:11. And finally, in the last book of the Bible, we read John's exclamation, "Behold, he cometh with clouds; and every eye shall see him, and they also which pierced him: and all kindreds of the earth shall wail because of him. Even so, amen."

When Will It Take Place?

This doctrine has been brought into prominence because many have assumed to fix dates for the coming of our Lord, notwithstanding that the Bible warns against it. Jesus himself said to his disciples, "Watch, therefore, for ye know not what hour our Lord will come." There are some who think that a millennium of peace and prosperity will be experienced on the earth before the Lord comes, but such a belief seems in contradiction to his command to watch. It also seems to contradict the teachings of his parables concerning his second coming, and especially that of the nobleman in the parable of the ten virgins.

There is also one other fact that seems to preclude the expectation of a millennium before Jesus comes, that is, what the New Testament teaches as to the moral and spiritual conditions in the world at the end of this age. It is all in accordance with the teaching of Paul in his second epistle to Timothy at the third chapter, where he says that "in the last days perilous times shall come." He then goes on to define what he means by that, adding that "men shall be lovers of self, lovers of money, boastful, haughty, disobedient to parents, unthankful, unloving, without natural affection, traitor, slanderous, without self-control, fierce, no lovers of good, traitors, high-minded, lovers of pleasure rather than lovers of God, having a form of godliness but denying the power thereof." All this does not look like a millennium, and yet how much it looks like the times in which we are now living! Can it be therefore that the coming of the Lord may be nearer than most of us expect?

Results of His Coming.

In the light of the second coming there are three classes of men to be considered, which are defined in First Corinthians at the 15th chapter as—the Jews—the Gentiles—and the church of God. To begin with the last named, the coming of Christ will mean the translation of the church to meet him in the air, according to First Thessalonians 4:13-18. It would seem to be after this translation that Christ comes with his saints and his holy angels to the earth, as indicated in the Scriptures previously referred to. This coming is for judgment on the Gentile nations which "know not God and obey not the gospel of our Lord Jesus Christ." It will be also the day of tribulation for the Jewish people, such as they have never known, but not of which a faithful remnant will be delivered and become the nucleus of the kingdom of God on the earth. This seems to be the teaching of many places in the Old and New Testament, but especially in the second chapter of Daniel.

Bringing the Truth Home.

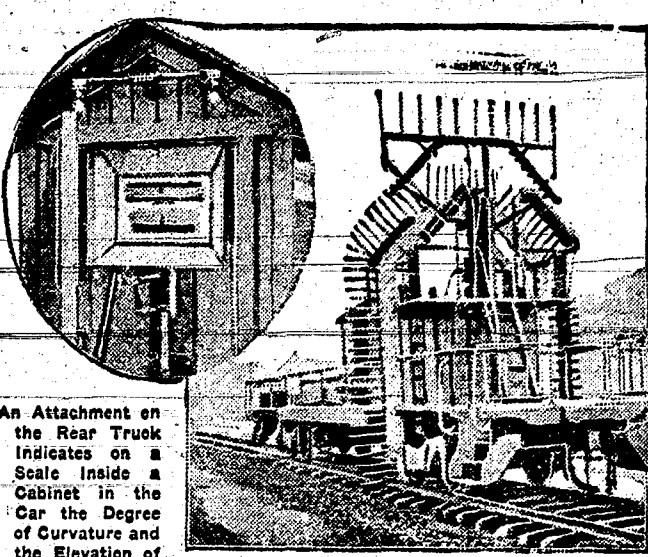
This hope of the second coming of Christ is the great motive for holy living. Where it really takes hold of the hearts of Christian believers it restrains them from known sins as nothing else does.

It is also the great comfort in disappointment and trial, for our Lord said that when he came again in the glory of his father he would bring his reward with him. Hence what a stimulus to holy endeavor in the face of difficulties and discouragements, for—

No word he hath spoken
Was ever yet broken.

Finally, how the thought of his coming should move men to repentance and faith in his name! O, those solemn words which Paul spoke to the unbelievers and mockers in Athens: "God now commandeth all men everywhere to repent; because he hath appointed a day in the which he will judge the world in righteousness by that man whom he hath ordained; whereof he hath given assurance unto all men in that he hath raised him from the dead."

CAR TO DO IMPORTANT WORK



With All Attachments Working Automatically It Is Possible to Take Clearance Measurements While the Car is Running.

GET DATA ON LINE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD HAS
NEW CLEARANCE CAR.

Designed for Important Work in Obtaining Measurements of Distances From Track to Projections—Can Operate Day or Night.

A new clearance car has just been placed in service on the Pennsylvania railroad lines east of Pittsburgh and Erie. It is being run over every division as rapidly as possible in order to secure correct measurements of the distances from the track to projecting portions of station buildings, tunnels, bridges and other objects. It is also designed to indicate automatically while moving on curves the elevation of the rails and the degree of curvature.

The car is built entirely of steel, and is equipped with hydraulics, steam fittings and electric lights. There are two floors, or elevations; both of them used for taking measurements from the temples. Clearances are computed from the center of the wheel track, over which the main temple is erected. From an elevation of 12 feet above the top of the rails the temple tapers up toward the middle of the car at an angle of 45 degrees.

Immediately in front of the temple is an auxiliary temple, designed to measure overhead bridges, tunnels and other objects between elevations 17 and 20 feet above the top of the rails. This temple is capable of being raised to a height of 18 feet by a crank and a ratchet arrangement on the floor of the car. Enclosed in steel cylindrical boxes with translucent glass fronts facing the temple is a series of electric lights which extend from the floor of the car on each side to a height of 15 feet. Light from these makes it possible to take measurements both day and night.

Attached to the feelers and the side of the temple are graduated scales which indicate automatically the distance from the rim of the temple to a side or overhead object. In addition, a small board equipped with a set of feelers spaced one inch apart has been provided to measure corners of roofs, of shelter sheds, or other irregular objects. From Popular Science Monthly.

Big Ferry.
Railroad car ferry service is now running between Key West and Havana operated by the Peninsula and Occidental Steamship Line. This ferry has facilities for carrying 30 standard size American freight cars and furnishes a daily service between the ports. Freight in full carload lots is handled expeditiously and safely. Sugar and molasses cars are loaded at the Cuban mills and forwarded through to destination, while heavy machinery from the United States is loaded at the place of manufacture and carried through to its Cuban destination without transfer. The handling of fruit and vegetables for the southern markets has also been greatly facilitated by this service.

Fewer Idle Freight Cars.
On July 1 the net surplus of freight cars on the railroads of the United States and Canada was 52,146, as compared with 55,224 on June 1. With the exception of the latter date, July 1 shows the largest surplus this year, these returns having shown a net shortage as recently as March 1.

The following table gives the total surplus and shortages of all classes of cars as reported each month this year:

	Surplus	Shortage	Net
July 1	52,146	14,988	37,158
June 1	55,224	10,521	44,703
May 1	55,224	10,521	44,703
April 1	55,224	10,521	44,703
March 1	55,224	10,521	44,703
February 1	55,224	10,521	44,703
January 1	55,224	10,521	44,703

*Net shortage.

Railroaders Long in Service.
Of the engineers assigned to the Black Diamond express of the Lehigh Valley road, when it was instituted 20 years ago, four are still in active service. Two have been promoted and five have left the service. Thomas Farley is still on the same run and has missed few trips. The three conductors originally chosen to serve on the express are still at this work.

To Lessen Smoke Nuisance.
To lessen the smoke nuisance an inventor proposes drawing locomotive smoke beneath the engine and moistening it so that the soot and cinders drop to the ground.

According to Inquiries.
"It's wrong of me to take this food," said the tramp, as he reached out for the pie in the window; "but," he added reflectively, "I've had repentance in my heart for it from the department of the interior, and I shall now deliver the goods."

LINK GREECE WITH EUROPE

Last Strip of Line Necessary for the Connection Has Been Put Into Place.

It is interesting to report the completion of the remaining strip of unconstructed road necessary to the final linking up of Greece with the rest of Europe, writes Consul General Weddell from Athens. This gap of some 50 miles has at last been closed and the stretch of new roadway was thrown open to traffic in May of this year.

The result of the completion of this work to Greece can hardly be overestimated. As soon as the war is ended, through trains will be run from Paris and other European capitals to Athens. The time from Paris will be shortened to some 60 hours. It is thought, and through dining and sleeping cars of the Compagnie Internationale des Wagons Lits and the Grand Express Europeans will run over the lines.

This hitherto missing link in communication by between Greece, on the Saloniki-Monastir line, and L'Appal, on the Thessalonian frontier. Temporary bridges of wood with span beams and valleys until permanent steel and concrete structures replace them after the war. Twenty powerful American locomotives, now ready at Athens, will draw these trains at high speed through the picturesque Velestina valley and along the Aegean coast to their destination.

WAS FIRST AMERICAN LINE

Ground Broken for the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Some Eighty-eight Years Ago.

The first railroad system in North America, the Baltimore and Ohio, had its beginning 88 years ago, when ground was broken at Baltimore. The 10th of July of that year was a memorable one in the Maryland metropolis, and all business was suspended, while men from all over the state took part in the parade.

The ground-breaking ceremony was conducted by Charles Carroll of Carroll, the last survivor of the signers of the Declaration of Independence, who was then ninety-two years old. As he drove the spike into the earth the venerable statesman exclaimed: "I consider this among the most important acts of my life, second only to that of signing the Declaration of Independence—it seemed even to that." The city of Baltimore and the state of Maryland each contributed half a million dollars toward the construction of the railroad. Horses were used at first to draw the cars and the first American-built locomotive was constructed by Peter Cooper for this line. The railroad was a development of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal company, which in turn had its origin in the Potomac company, of which Washington was the first president.

Wind-Swept Railroad.
Early in June a windstorm of such extraordinary violence swept over central Illinois that it blew the Chicago-St. Louis Midnight special five cars and a locomotive off the track. The derailment of trains on standard-gauge tracks by winds is most unusual, although it is not uncommon in the case of light, narrow-gauge roads. Symons' Meteorological Magazine tells of a railroad that runs for 30 miles along the Atlantic coast of Ireland, and that is a part of the West Clare railroad system. Probably no other railroad in the British Isles is exposed to such tremendous winds. Prior to 1909 as many as five trains had been blown off the tracks and demolished, although fortunately without loss of life. In 1900 the line was equipped with a pressure tube anemometer, or wind gauge, with an electrical attachment that gives two warnings in the station master's house at Quilty: the first when the velocity of the wind reaches 65 miles an hour, the second when it reaches 85 miles an hour. At the first warning, 2,400 pounds of movable ballast, kept for the purpose at every station, is placed on each vehicle of every train. When the second signal comes, all trains are stopped until the storm abates. Since the apparatus was installed, in December, 1909, there has been only one derailment by the wind, and that was caused by some one's deliberately disregarding the signals.—Youth's Companion.

Strength Test.
A party of English officers serving at the Darinellles made a wager one day as to which smelled the loudest, a goat or a Turk. To settle the wager a goat was brought into the colonel's tent, and the colonel fainted. When the colonel was revived they brought a Turk into the tent, and the goat fainted.

Uncle Eben.

"Do man dat's allus sayin' 'whut he'd do if he was in somebody else's place,'" said Uncle Eben, "mos' generally nia' doin' nuffin' much on his own account."

Unfeeling World.
My little boy was heartbroken over the death of his beloved kitty. I let him ask his little playmates and have a funeral, which they made quite impressive with music and flowers. In the afternoon, to divert his mind, I took him out to town, but he was sober and thoughtful. After passing a place of amusement he said, "Mam, ma, everything is going on just the same as if Tottie hadn't died."—Chicago Tribune.

Honey Vinegar.
Vinegar made from honey has an exceptionally fine flavor and is not expensive. A small amount of honey furnishes a large amount of vinegar. Follow these directions: Dissolve thoroughly in two gallons of warm soft water one quart jar of extracted honey. Give it air and keep it in a warm place where it will ferment and make excellent vinegar.

Truth Better Than Flattery.
The friend who always reflects our moods and confirms our judgment of ourselves is more dangerous than an enemy; for the truth is a tonic even when it is flung at us as a misale, and commendation which we do not deserve fastens attention on the weakness which it attempts to conceal.—Selected.

Perfection Not Wanted.
A New York judge who refused a man a divorce sought because "his wife was imperfect in everything," said to the fellow: "If you are a perfect human being, or think you are, watch your step. A perfect human being," continued the justice, still bruising the head of the nail, "would be an intolerable nuisance."

Best to Wind Watch in Morning.
Winding is the food of watch. It is its life-blood, and upon it every movement of the works depends. The time-keeping value of a watch depends less upon its cost than upon the care that is taken of it by its owner. If wound in the morning instead of at night it will keep much better time.

Too Much.
"Why must you always go out every time one of my woman friends calls?" "Well, my dear," responded her husband, "I am glad to meet your friends, but you must remember that I have heard the story of your Atlantic City trip about sixteen times now."—Indianapolis Star.

Chile's Nitrate Fields.
The great nitrate fields of Chile lie from fifty to a hundred miles inland, at an elevation of 2,000 feet or more above sea level. They parallel the shore for more than 400 miles, a lifeless waste, devoid of any scrap of vegetation.

May Be Good at Heavy Work.
It is difficult to get much spiritual energy in a man whose mind is concentrated on a concrete task and whose body is concentrated on a concrete task.

EAT LESS AND TAKE
SALTS FOR KIDNEYS

Take a glass of Salts before breakfast if your Back hurts or Bladder bothers you.

The American men and women must guard constantly against kidney trouble, because we eat too much and all our food is rich. Our blood is filled with uric acid which the kidneys strive to filter out; they weaken from overwork, become sluggish; the eliminative tissues clog and the result is kidney trouble, bladder weakness and a general decline in health. When your kidneys feel like lumps of lead; your back hurts or the urine is cloudy, full of sediment or you are obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night; if you suffer with sick headache or dizzy, nervous spells, acid stomach, or you have rheumatism when the weather is bad, get from your pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate clogged kidneys; to neutralize the acids in the urine so it no longer is a source of irritation, thus ending bladder disorders. Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure, makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water beverage, and belongs in every home, because nobody can make a mistake by having a good kidney flushing any time.

Her Duties.
"You advertised as chaste Kismet-maid?" Applicant for Situation—"Yes, madame." "What were your duties at your last place?" "I drove and cleaned the cars single-handed." "And as a maid?" "I took down my lady at night and assembled her in the morning, madame."—Punch.

Daily Thought.
Pain and despair and heartache can you down for awhile, but afterward they help you to understand.—John Oliver Hobbes.

First Fireworks in Europe.
Fireworks are said to have been first used in Europe in the city of Florence in 1360.

Modern Formula.
"Duty calls, madame!" "Ah! Jus say that I am out."—Judge.

Optimistic Thought.
Labor is the foundation of wealth of every country.

Start Tomorrow
and Keep It Up
Every Morning

Get in the habit of drinking a glass of hot water before breakfast.

We're not here long, so let's make our stay agreeable. Let us live well, eat well, digest well, work well, sleep well, and look well. What a glorious condition to attain, and yet, how very easy it is if one will only adopt the morning inside bath.

Folks who are accustomed to feel dull and heavy when they arise; splitting headache; stuffy from a cold, foul tongue; nervous, restless; acid stomach; can, instead, feel as fresh as a daisy by opening the sluices of the system each morning and flushing out the whole of the internal poisonous stagnation.

Everyone, whether alkali, sick or well, should, each morning, before breakfast, drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it to wash from the stomach, liver and bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour bile, acid-poisonous toxins, acid stomach, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach. The action of hot water and limestone phosphate on an empty stomach, is wonderfully invigorating. It cleans out all the sour fermentations, gases, waste and acidity and gives one a splendid appetite for breakfast. While you are enjoying your breakfast the water and phosphate is quietly extracting a large volume of water from the blood and setting it ready for a thorough flushing of all the inside organs.

The millions of people who are bothered with constipation, bilious spells, stomach trouble; others who have shallow skins, blood disorders and sticky complexions are urged to get a quarter pound of limestone phosphate from the drug store. This will cost very little, but is sufficient to make anyone a pronounced crank on the subject of inside-bathing before breakfast.

COMB SAGE TEA IN
HAIR TO DARKEN IT

It's Grandmother's Recipe to keep her Looks Dark, Glossy, Beautiful.

The old-time mixture of Sage Tea and Sulphur for darkening gray, streaked and faded hair is grandmother's recipe; and folks are again using it to keep their hair a good, even color, which is quite sensible, as we are living in an age when a youthful appearance is of the greatest advantage.

Nowadays, though, we don't have the troublesome task of gathering the sage and the money mixing at home. All drug stores sell the ready-to-use product, improved by the addition of other ingredients, called "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound" for about 50 cents a bottle. It is very popular because nobody can discover it has been applied. Simply moisten your comb or a soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears, but what delights the ladies with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound is that, besides beautifully darkening the hair after a few applications, it also produces that soft lustre and appearance of abundance which is so attractive. This ready-to-use preparation is a delightful toilet requisite for those who desire a more youthful appearance. It is most intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.

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NEW RATES

Rooms formerly.....\$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00
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Absolutely the most homelike hostelry in Detroit. Perfect Service, Reasonable Rates, Cabaret entertainment, Dancing.

In the heart of the shopping district.

Sincerely
Fred Postal

"HOME FEELING" NORTH AND SOUTH

GUARDSMEN IN GRAYLING ARE RESTLESS, NEED WINTER EQUIPMENT IT IS SAID.

SOME LONELY WORK IN TEXAS

Stories Coming From The State Camps And The Border Show That Service Is Not Encouraging.

Grayling, Mich.—What are we here for? Might be a question one soldier would ask of another. There is no question that service on the border is and has been the desire of the Thirty-third regiment—but the home feeling is growing; unless the information from Washington that the hoped for trip is coming encourages the guardsmen and takes the feeling away by an actual move in that direction. Though some preparations have been made for cold weather, the men have not proper clothing to protect them from cold waves in the north; however, serviceable their supply may be for the south, which looks so attractive to them now. One bit of news caused mixed emotions. That was to the effect that the national guard would be kept on the border until Carranza showed that he could protect American lives and American property. The organizations here want to go to the border, but a long stay with waiting the only service would pull just as almost three months in a mobilization camp has pulled.

Home Feeling in Texas.

El Paso, Texas.—Letters from the guardsmen in Grayling, and stories told in the papers received here of the "want to go home" feeling or to do some real active work is permeating the regiments on the border and "when are we going home" is a frequent question asked here but there is no answer that can be given. It is thought in military circles that the guardsmen here are not attempting to settle Mexican troubles will agree to the withdrawal of the Pershing expedition from Mexico. With this force of regulars added to those already on the border it is thought the need for state troops will end.

Sentry Duty is Lonely.

El Paso, Texas.—The view on the border now places some of the guardsmen in very lonely places where they must look sharp, more swiftly and silently and be ready for any emergency. It was in a remote outpost on the night before Independence day in Juarez that some of the Michigan guardsmen were on duty. It was a part of the sentry's duty, on this remote outpost in the hills, to go down into an arroyo periodically and stand on the Villa trail, the narrow pass through which Villa took his men on his victorious march into Juarez. The shouts of the celebrating Mexicans were heard throughout the night in Juarez, but scarcely a soul passed this lonely spot. This sentry was disturbed only by the visit of the officer-of-the-day, who had the task of inspecting the guard.

Could Quickly Destroy Juarez.

El Paso, Texas.—On the crest of a hill which rises above El Paso designated as Kren Peak, and situated at the base of Mount Franklin, are stationed four quick-firing field pieces. Since June 27 they have been there, trained on the city of Juarez, four miles away, across the Rio Grande. Until October 1st it will be the work of Captain Julius Bertram, of company C, Thirty-first regiment, to guard these weapons. No civilian is allowed to approach them and they are in constant readiness for action. When the mobilization order was issued, June 19, a company of artillery was ordered to place these guns in position and to sight them that their fire, if any, would be directed into the city across the river. Each one throws a 60-pound projectile four miles, and it is said in action they would be able to destroy the Juarez water and electric plants, and both international bridges in fewer than 10 minutes.

At the annual meeting of the Michigan Bean Growers' association held at Grand Rapids jointly with the annual meeting of the Michigan Bean Jobbers' association, it was practically decided to establish as the standard price for October \$5 a bushel for beans. It was also recommended that an addition of over 10 or 15 cents a bushel be added later in the season for storage and handling charges.

Infantile paralysis cases took a decided drop in the reports received at the office of the state board of health, only four new cases being sent in. These came one each from River Rouge, Sandusky, Marquette and Sunfield townships, Eaton county.

Michigan candidates for congress all kept well within the limit of \$1,375 campaign expenses for the primary election, fixed by the state law, as indicated by after-primary statements so far received by the clerk of the house of representatives at Washington.

"The boy martyr" of St. Mary's hospital at Grand Rapids, is dead. He was Clarence Cholek, 18 years old, who was constantly in pain for four years before his death. The boy was hurt four years ago and a disease of the bones resulted.

Potter Sablin, of Chicago, has just completed a religious census of Ypsilanti, made under the direction of Rev. William Hellman, of St. Luke's church. His records show that there are 1,525 families in Ypsilanti and that 1,287 of these families are regular, or occasional church attendants.

MICHIGAN NEWS BRIEFS

Fifty members of the Eleventh Michigan cavalry, civil war veterans, held their reunion at Ann Arbor.

The entrance of the Pennsylvania railroad into Detroit will involve an expenditure of \$10,000,000 or more.

William Martin, alias Robert Pickett, was arrested at Powers, Menominee county, for stabbing Mike Koozer, of Iron county.

Steps have been taken by Lenawee county autoists to organize an automobile club. There are 4,000 autoists in the county.

Tustin high school has been closed for one week on account of an epidemic of measles. Several pupils are suffering with the malady.

Harry Watson, a member of the Jackson prison choir, escaped by sawing a bar in a window in the prison chapel and sliding to the ground on a rope.

Capt. John Hanson, for 27 years keeper of the Manistee station of the U. S. Coast Guard service, has ended his career as a mariner and a life saver.

Seventy out of the 97 young men who were examined by the state board of law examiners successfully passed the examination and will be admitted to the bar.

Ulisse Ventura was sentenced for seven to fifteen years when convicted of the slaying of Aloysius Gunville, an Ishpeming high school boy, on July 15.

Gov. Ferris has paroled Thomas Merritt, who was sentenced to Marquette prison from Munising June 3, 1915, to serve from three to 12 years for a statutory offense.

Announcement was made that the United States government will establish an examining board in Grand Rapids to examine officers for the engineers' corps of the officers' reserve corps.

Sixteen children found to be tubercular by the state board of health have been refused admission to the public schools of Saint Ste. Marie. They may be cared for in an open air school.

John Cramer, Missaukee farmer, was blown 20 feet and frightfully injured when a stick of dynamite, which he was blowing stumps with, exploded as he was investigating its failure to explode.

Sleeper's plurality over Leland for the republican nomination for governor will run close to 15,000, according to complete returns from 64 counties by the state canvassing board. Dickema will run third.

An argument over the war in Europe led to the fatal shooting of Lewis Pastiant, French, age 35, at Ilermansville, Menominee county. William Constantine, German, was arrested, charged with murder.

Arrangements have been completed for the eighth annual session of the Michigan conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, which will be held in First Church at Grand Rapids September 25 to October 2.

After fighting for life for 20 hours with his intestines torn, as a result of a gunshot wound inflicted when his wife, in a drunken state, shot him, Edward Rockwell, aged 50, died at his farm home in Van Buren county.

Frank Runkler, an employee at the A. B. Stone company of Battle Creek made a wager he could lift 400 pounds from the floor to a truck. He did, but soon after the truck was wheeled out of the room, Runkler followed on a stretcher. He is now in Nicholas hospital in a serious condition. The effort nearly broke his back.

Robina Johnson, five years old, of Pontiac, one of the first Michigan victims of infantile paralysis after the outbreak of the epidemic in New York, is beginning to walk again. At the Children's Free hospital, where she has been a patient for six months, her legs, which were paralyzed from the hips, are resuming normalcy.

An official proclamation was issued by Secretary of State Vaughan, putting into effect the Ogg bill passed at the last session of the legislature, which requires frequent beneficiary societies to maintain rituals. The bill would have become effective a year ago, but initiatory petitions were filed to submit it to a vote at the November election this year. The petitions were defective.

Joseph Eckelkamp, a Spring Lake young man, received the charge of a shotgun full in the face from an unknown hunter shortly after he had started with a party of friends on the first duck hunt of the season. The sight of both eyes will be lost. Eckelkamp was placed upon a special interurban car and taken to a Grand Rapids hospital where it is said he had an even chance to live.

Charles Madison, 57, suffered a broken back and is not expected to live and Dell Boutell, 57, broke his leg when a front wall of a store adjoining that which they were remodeling collapsed at Flint.

Fred Koeler, superintendent of public instructions, has designated Friday, Oct. 15, as Angell day in all the public schools of the state, and has requested that appropriate exercises be held in honor of the memory of James H. Angell, who for nearly half a century was president of the University of Michigan.

George L. Donovan will accompany the aviator on a flight at West Branch during the first day of the Greenawald county fair, October 4. Mr. Donovan has been blind for 30 years. He was at one time editor of the local weekly paper.

Arthur Waltonen, Ironwood barber who confessed a part in a servant plot to kill Mrs. M. E. Killebrew, of New York, jumped from a train east of Buffalo, N. Y., while on his way back to New York city to face trial for murder. He was fatally injured.

CRUSHING BLOWS STRUCK BY SERBS

BULGARIAN RIGHT WING IN MACEDONIA IS IN THE GRAVEST PERIL.

SERBS CAPTURE FLORINA

Led By Their King, Prince Alexander, the Serbs Have Been Leaping From One Victory to Another.

London.—The entire Bulgarian right wing in Macedonia is in the gravest peril of being captured or annihilated by the Franco-Russo-Serb forces forming the Allies' left wing. Monastir, the chief Bulgarian base of support in Macedonia, is menaced by an iron ring which is swiftly drawing tighter and tighter, threatening to throttle the defending army in its clutch. Florina, the southern gate to Monastir, 17 miles away, was formally occupied by the French in a dash on Sept. 10, but the Bulgarians from their last positions in the town. The Bulgarians were driven into a wild rout, not only here but to the west and south-west of Monastir as well, where the Serbs inflicted crushing defeats on them, taking by storm the first and second Bulgarian defense lines.

A dispatch from Athens reported the Bulgarians surrounded by the Franco-Serbian troops. "The Bulgarians are falling back precipitantly on Monastir," added the message. General Sarraill's headquarters report in announcing the capture of Florina stated that the Bulgarians are "retreating in disorder in the direction of Monastir."

Another dispatch places the Bulgarians on the Drama-Kendari (Kendari) line, at the nearest point only nine miles south of Monastir. The Franco-Russian left, at Resna, 18 miles northwest of Monastir, threatens to sweep down upon the city at any moment, cooperating with the French and Serbs advancing from the south and west.

All dispatches from the Macedonian front, official and unofficial, show that the campaign to reconquer Serbia has begun in earnest. Glowing praise is paid by General Sarraill to the dash and gallantry of the Serbs. Led by their prospective king, Prince Alexander, they have been leaping from one victory to another since the very moment the self-appointed himself first the opening gun.

THE DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES

Sweet For Governor, Price For Lieut. Governor.

Edwin P. Sweet, of Grand Rapids, assistant secretary of commerce at Washington, has been named by the Democratic state central committee as the party's nominee for governor, following the refusal of Charles H. Dender, of Grand Rapids, to run. The lieutenant-governorship nomination has been given to Lawrence Price, wealthy Lansing man, as a result of Brigadier General John P. Kirk's inability to accept the primary nomination.

ITEMS OF INTEREST

Rome.—The Austrians have lost 1,500,000 men in killed, wounded and prisoners since the beginning of the war, according to a Zurich dispatch. Every bar and wholesale house in the province of Ontario closed their place of business Saturday, September 10, and in all probability will remain closed for all time to come.

Douglas, Ariz.—News has just been received here of the destruction by fire of a steamer carrying Carranza troops from Manzanillo to Guaymas. Two hundred lives were lost.

London.—The Bulgarians lost 5,000 men in three hours of fighting in the first clash between the Serbians and Bulgarians in eastern Dobruja, says Reuters' Odessa correspondent.

Washington.—The war department announced the appointment of Brigadier General Henry G. Sharpe as quartermaster-general to succeed Major General James B. Alesha, retired.

Madrid.—Announcement is made that King Alfonso after long negotiations had succeeded in effecting an agreement among the belligerent nations to suspend reprisals upon prisoners of war.

Washington.—James C. Courts, clerk of the house appropriations committee for the past 32 years and a prominent figure in the framing of appropriation measures during many congresses died at his country home after a short illness.

Washington.—Ambassador Page has been instructed to ascertain why Michael James Finerty, of New York city, who has been visiting in Ireland, is not allowed by British authorities to return to the United States.

Bethlehem, Pa.—Six persons were killed when a Philadelphia & Reading train struck an automobile in which they were riding near Quakertown. The party, riding in an automobile and had left Quakertown to return to Bethlehem. Trees obscured the train and the auto was full upon the track when hit by a special train.

More than 700 delegates are expected at Battle Creek for the state Baptist convention Oct. 14-19.

An attempted jail delivery was prevented by Sheriff Sutherland of Saginaw, when unusual noise in the cell block attracted his attention. There were 42 prisoners in confinement. Grating and plates had been removed and, by setting fire to the wooden rafters, the men were burning their way out. They had allowed the fire to burn a little each day and, from the appearance of the jail, they had been at work about a week.

U. S. MILITIA CHIEF DIES OF PNEUMONIA



MAJOR-GEN. ALBERT L. MILLS.

Washington.—Major General Albert L. Mills, chief of the division of militia affairs, died at his home here September 18, after 15 hours illness from pneumonia. General Mills was a native of New York and was appointed to the military academy from that state in 1874. He served with distinction through the Spanish war, and the Philippine insurrection, and in 1904 was promoted by President Roosevelt from the rank of captain to brigadier-general. For several years he served as commander of the department of the Gulf, with headquarters at Atlanta, Ga. Only last month he was commissioned a major-general.

ABOUT PENSION CLAIMS

Guardsmen May Have Signed Their Rights Away.

Grayling, Mich.—As a result of the National Guard being called into the service of the United States, a new code of pension law will be brought into existence within a few years in the belief of Gen. Kirk. Right now, all over the United States, regular army officers are engaged in a battle of wits with the men who are being sent out and who are regarded as possible pensioners. Here at Grayling, for instance, when men come from El Paso to be mustered out, part of the formality is to present them with the statement for their signature, which is meant to block further applications for pensions. "This statement says that the signer is in as good health as when he enlisted, and that he has not had any sickness."

"So far as I know," said Maj. Wells, "only one man out of 200 who were mustered out here has a clear case for a pension."

"I do not remember that any man has failed to sign the statement that he is in good health as he had been before enlistment and that he has no sickness."

The men are not obliged to sign these statements. We should put them up to them, in order to safeguard the government from unjust pension claims. There is no penalty for refusal to sign.

A RECORD HIKE

Fourteen Thousand Men Are On the March Now.

San Antonio, Texas.—Fourteen thousand men and sixty-three officers of the regular army and national guard left San Antonio on the biggest practice march in the history of the American army, and 83-mile hike to Austin, which is expected to give the men who compose the twelfth provisional division, marching experience under what would amount to war conditions.

Eight days will be consumed en route, the soldiers will stay three days at Camp Eabry, and eight days will be sent in the return to San Antonio. After that the Wisconsin, Kansas, Texas and Missouri guardsmen in the division or expected to be as fit for service in the field as the regular army men.

TELEGRAPHIC FLASHES

Turin.—Aviator Replat, with two passengers beat the world's high record, rising 5,300 meters (more than 20,000 feet).

Washington.—Salary increases for rural mail carriers, provided for under the last postoffice bill, will be applied to the fiscal year of 1915.

St. Paul.—A preliminary inventory of the estate of the late James J. Hill shows Minnesota holdings approximating \$40,000,000, on which \$1,250,000 inheritance tax would be paid to the state.

Denver.—Colorado's first snow of the season at Leadville amounts to nearly one inch.

Jersey City, N. J.—Dissatisfied with their food, it is said 76 non-commissioned officers and men of the Fourth regiment, National Guard of New Jersey, deserted at Sea Girt and started for their home.

Mayetta, Kan.—The Pottawatomie Indians soon will institute legal proceedings to gain possession of the entire lake front of Chicago from Michigan avenue to the edge of Lake Michigan.

Madrid.—Spain has made a sharp protest to Germany against its practice of sinking peaceful Spanish ships, and has demanded that there be a modification of the submarine campaign.

A three years' campaign of education to unify and standardize the printing business was planned at the United Typothetae and Franklin's Clubs of America, in annual convention. The campaign will cost more than \$7,000,000.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

Live Stock.

DETROIT.—Cattle receipts, 3,413. Best heavy steers, \$7.50@8.00; best heavy weight butchers steers, \$7.00@7.25; mixed steers and heifers, \$5.50@6.25; heavy light butchers, \$5.25@5.75; light butchers, \$5.00@5.50; best cows, \$4.75@5.25; butchers cows, \$5.00@5.25; common cows, \$4.40@5.00; canners, \$3.25@4.25; best heavy bulls, \$5.00@5.50; bologna bulls, \$5.25@5.50; stock bulls, \$4.50@5.50; feeders, \$3.00@4.00; stockers, \$5.50@6.25; milkers and springers, \$4.00@5.00.

Calves receipts, 1,010. The veal calf trade opened up steadily with last week, the tops bringing \$13, but they started to drag and the bulk of the good ones brought \$12 to \$12.50 with an occasional extra fancy one at \$13 and common and heavy grades selling at from \$5 to \$8.

Sheep and lambs receipts, 9,477. Best lambs, \$10.50@11.00; fair lambs, \$9.75@10.25; light to common lambs, \$8.00@9.00; fair to good sheep, \$5.00@5.75; hogs receipts, 1,787. The quality was common and the very best would not bring over \$10.50, bulk of sales being \$10 to \$10.75 for yorkers and heavy, and \$8 to \$9 for pigs; grassers, \$6.75 to \$10.25.

EAST BUFFALO.—Cattle Receipts.

20 cars; market slow. 10 to 15c lower; choice to prime native steers, \$9.50@10.00; good to choice, \$8.50@9.00; fair to good, \$7.50@8.00; plain to coarse, \$7.00@7.50; Canadian steers, 1,300 to 1,400 lbs., \$8.00@8.25; 1,250 to 1,350 lbs., \$7.50@8.00; 1,000 to 1,250 lbs., \$6.50@7.00; 800 to 1,000 lbs., \$6.00@6.50; yearlings, \$7.50@8.00; best heavy steers, \$7.50@8.00; light butchers steers, \$6.50@7.25; best butchers steers and heifers, mixed, \$7.25@7.75; western heifers, \$6.50@7.50; best heavy fat cows, \$6.50@7.00; butchers cows, \$5.25@5.75; cutters, \$4.25@4.75; canners, \$3.50@3.75; fancy bulls, \$5.50@7.00; butchers bulls, \$5.00@6.25; common bulls, \$5.50@6.25; stockers, \$4.25@5.00; light common, \$3.50@4.25; heavy, \$3.00@3.75; \$5.00@5.75; milkers and springers, \$7.00@10.00; hogs receipts, 80 cars; strong; heavy, \$11.50@11.75; mixed and yorkers, \$11.25@11.50; pigs, \$8.25@9.75; lights, \$10.00@10.25. Sheep and lambs: Receipts, 40 cars; market active. 15c higher; top lambs, \$11.00@11.75; yearlings, \$9.00@9.25; weathers, \$8.45@8.55; ewes, \$7.25@7.75. Calves receipts, 900; steady; tops, \$13@13.25; fair to good, \$12@12.50; fed calves, \$5@5.50.

Grain Etc.

DETROIT.—Wheat—Cash No. 2 red, \$1.48 1/2; December opened with a gain of 1/2 at \$1.58, advanced to \$1.57, declined to \$1.51 1/2 and closed at \$1.53 1/2. May opened at \$1.61, advanced to \$1.62, declined to \$1.55 1/2 and closed at \$1.57 1/2. No. 1 white, \$1.43 1/2.

CORN—Cash No. 2, 87c; No. 3, 86c; No. 4, 85c; No. 5, 84c; No. 6, 83c; No. 7, 82c; No. 8, 81c; No. 9, 80c; No. 10, 79c; No. 11, 78c; No. 12, 77c; No. 13, 76c; No. 14, 75c; No. 15, 74c; No. 16, 73c; No. 17, 72c; No. 18, 71c; No. 19, 70c; No. 20, 69c; No. 21, 68c; No. 22, 67c; No. 23, 66c; No. 24, 65c; No. 25, 64c; No. 26, 63c; No. 27, 62c; No. 28, 61c; No. 29, 60c; No. 30, 59c; No. 31, 58c; No. 32, 57c; No. 33, 56c; No. 34, 55c; No. 35, 54c; No. 36, 53c; No. 37, 52c; No. 38, 51c; No. 39, 50c; No. 40, 49c; No. 41, 48c; No. 42, 47c; No. 43, 46c; No. 44, 45c; No. 45, 44c; No. 46, 43c; No. 47, 42c; No. 48, 41c; No. 49, 40c; No. 50, 39c; No. 51, 38c; No. 52, 37c; No. 53, 36c; No. 54, 35c; No. 55, 34c; No. 56, 33c; No. 57, 32c; No. 58, 31c; No. 59, 30c; No. 60, 29c; No. 61, 28c; No. 62, 27c; No. 63, 26c; No. 64, 25c; No. 65, 24c; No. 66, 23c; No. 67, 22c; No. 68, 21c; No. 69, 20c; No. 70, 19c; No. 71, 18c; No. 72, 17c; No. 73, 16c; No. 74, 15c; No. 75, 14c; No. 76, 13c; No. 77, 12c; No. 78, 11c; No. 79, 10c; No. 80, 9c; No. 81, 8c; No. 82, 7c; No. 83, 6c; No. 84, 5c; No. 85, 4c; No. 86, 3c; No. 87, 2c; No. 88, 1c; No. 89, 0c; No. 90, 0c; No. 91, 0c; No. 92, 0c; No. 93, 0c; No. 94, 0c; No. 95, 0c; No. 96, 0c; No. 97, 0c; No. 98, 0c; No. 99, 0c; No. 100, 0c.

COAL—New standard, 45c; old standard 40c; new No. 3 white, 47c; old No. 3 white, 48c; No. 4 white, 46c; No. 5 white, 45c; No. 6 white, 44c; No. 7 white, 43c; No. 8 white, 42c; No. 9 white, 41c; No. 10 white, 40c; No. 11 white, 39c; No. 12 white, 38c; No. 13 white, 37c; No. 14 white, 36c; No. 15 white, 35c; No. 16 white, 34c; No. 17 white, 33c; No. 18 white, 32c; No. 19 white, 31c; No. 20 white, 30c; No. 21 white, 29c; No. 22 white, 28c; No. 23 white, 27c; No. 24 white, 26c; No. 25 white, 25c; No. 26 white, 24c; No. 27 white, 23c; No. 28 white, 22c; No. 29 white, 21c; No. 30 white, 20c; No. 31 white, 19c; No. 32 white, 18c; No. 33 white, 17c; No. 34 white, 16c; No. 35 white, 15c; No. 36 white, 14c; No. 37 white, 13c; No. 38 white, 12c; No. 39 white, 11c; No. 40 white, 10c; No. 41 white, 9c; No. 42 white, 8c; No. 43 white, 7c; No. 44 white, 6c; No. 45 white, 5c; No. 46 white, 4c; No. 47 white, 3c; No. 48 white, 2c; No. 49 white, 1c; No. 50 white, 0c; No. 51 white, 0c; No. 52 white, 0c; No. 53 white, 0c; No. 54 white, 0c; No. 55 white, 0c; No. 56 white, 0c; No. 57 white, 0c; No. 58 white, 0c; No. 59 white, 0c; No. 60 white, 0c; No. 61 white, 0c; No. 62 white, 0c; No. 63 white, 0c; No. 64 white, 0c; No. 65 white, 0c; No. 66 white, 0c; No. 67 white, 0c; No. 68 white, 0c; No. 69 white, 0c; No. 70 white, 0c; No. 71 white, 0c; No. 72 white, 0c; No. 73 white, 0c; No. 74 white, 0c; No. 75 white, 0c; No. 76 white, 0c; No. 77 white, 0c; No. 78 white, 0c; No. 79 white, 0c; No. 80 white, 0c; No. 81 white, 0c; No. 82 white, 0c; No. 83 white, 0c; No. 84 white, 0c; No. 85 white, 0c; No. 86 white, 0c; No. 87 white, 0c; No. 88 white, 0c; No. 89 white, 0c; No. 90 white, 0c; No. 91 white, 0c; No. 92 white, 0c; No. 93 white, 0c; No. 94 white, 0c; No. 95 white, 0c; No. 96 white, 0c; No. 97 white, 0c; No. 98 white, 0c; No. 99 white, 0c; No. 100 white, 0c.

PRIME ALKALI—\$9.00; timothy, \$2.10; alfalfa, \$10.00.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$11.00; standard timothy, \$13.50@14.00; light mixed, \$17.00; No. 1 mixed, \$10.00; No. 2 mixed, \$9.00; No. 3 mixed, \$8.00; No. 4 mixed, \$7.00; No. 5 mixed, \$6.00; No. 6 mixed, \$5.00; No. 7 mixed, \$4.00; No. 8 mixed, \$3.00; No. 9 mixed, \$2.00; No. 10 mixed, \$1.00; No. 11 mixed, 0c; No. 12 mixed, 0c; No. 13 mixed, 0c; No. 14 mixed, 0c; No. 15 mixed, 0c; No. 16 mixed, 0c; No. 17 mixed, 0c; No. 18 mixed, 0c; No. 19 mixed, 0c; No. 20 mixed, 0c; No. 21 mixed, 0c; No. 22 mixed, 0c; No. 23 mixed, 0c; No. 24 mixed, 0c; No. 25 mixed, 0c; No. 26 mixed, 0c; No. 27 mixed, 0c; No. 28 mixed, 0c; No. 29 mixed, 0c; No. 30 mixed, 0c; No. 31 mixed, 0c; No. 32 mixed, 0c; No. 33 mixed, 0c; No. 34 mixed, 0c; No. 35 mixed, 0c; No. 36 mixed, 0c; No. 37 mixed, 0c; No. 38 mixed, 0c; No. 39 mixed, 0c; No. 40 mixed, 0c; No. 41 mixed, 0c; No. 42 mixed, 0c; No. 43 mixed, 0c; No. 44 mixed, 0c; No. 45 mixed, 0c; No. 46 mixed, 0c; No. 47 mixed, 0c; No. 48 mixed, 0c; No. 49 mixed, 0c; No. 50 mixed, 0c; No. 51 mixed, 0c; No. 52 mixed, 0c; No. 53 mixed, 0c; No. 54 mixed, 0c; No. 55 mixed, 0c; No. 56 mixed, 0c; No. 57 mixed, 0c; No. 58 mixed, 0c; No. 59 mixed, 0c; No. 60 mixed, 0c; No. 61 mixed, 0c; No. 62 mixed, 0c; No. 63 mixed, 0c; No. 64 mixed, 0c; No. 65 mixed, 0c; No. 66 mixed, 0c; No. 67 mixed, 0c; No. 68 mixed, 0c; No. 69 mixed, 0c; No. 70 mixed, 0c; No. 71 mixed, 0c; No. 72 mixed, 0c; No. 73 mixed, 0c; No. 74 mixed, 0c; No. 75 mixed, 0c; No. 76 mixed, 0c; No. 77 mixed, 0c; No. 78 mixed, 0c; No. 79 mixed, 0c; No. 80 mixed, 0c; No. 81 mixed, 0c; No. 82 mixed, 0c; No. 83 mixed, 0c; No. 84 mixed, 0

SCANDINAVIAN NEWS

SUMMARY OF IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS IN FAR OFF NORTHLAND.

ITEMS FROM THE OLD HOME

Resume of the Most Important Events in Sweden, Norway and Denmark—Of Interest to the Scandinavians in America.

NORWAY.

The Norwegians are using part of the riches which they are piling up during the war as a means of gaining the control of industrial establishments which had been started by foreign capitalists. One of the most noted of such establishments is the Borregard factory, near Sarpsborg. It is realized that such concerns breed a lot of workmen who are not patriotic Norwegians. The Borregard property is really a thorn in the flesh of liberty-loving Norwegians. The people of the community have mustered a handsome majority against the saloon of the place. But the English proprietors have always been backed by the courts of Norway to the effect that the Borregard liquor license is a "vested right" which cannot be taken away unless the one who holds it is willing to let it go. If the Norwegians obtain a majority of the stocks of the company, it seems to be a foregone conclusion that the will of the people of the community shall prevail with regard to this saloon. The property includes vast forests and must be worth \$10,000,000 or \$12,000,000.

Dr. Anton Nyström, a noted Swedish pacifist, has been visiting in Norway for the purpose of ascertaining the manner in which King Karl XII of Sweden was killed at the fortress of Fredriksten, Norway, 200 years ago. Dr. Nyström agrees with those scholars who think the great working wound was sustained by a Frenchman and some Swedes. This is a controversial subject, but the picture which he draws of the character of King Karl XII is certainly enough to stagger any good Swede. According to Dr. Nyström, King Karl was no hero; he was the worst king that Sweden ever had; and his memory does not deserve to be honored by the Swedish people. And his "unwarranted trip" into Norway should be forgotten. The sooner the better. Therefore his monument at Fredriksten should be removed.

The people of Norway are taking an interest in the filling of the soil which no one expected a few years ago. According to an old saying "to cultivate the soil is to worship God." As a matter of fact, there are thousands of Norwegians who are taking to the tilling of the soil with something like religious enthusiasm. In some schools it is almost a crime that the hard-headed business men of the country are also backing the movement. A bank has been established for the special benefit of people who want to buy lots or farms. It is financially backed by the communes. Bonds have been offered to the amount of \$500,000. The investments are perfectly safe, for the bank is controlled by the national government. The government is encouraging the investment of the estates of minors in this bank.

The house rent is still climbing in the Norwegian capital. As a striking proof of the situation it is mentioned that a man has advertised in the newspapers that he is willing to pay upwards of \$500 a year for a suite of four or five rooms. Such advertisements are of course a great encouragement to house owners, who are ready to squeeze the last penny they can get out of their tenants.

Oscar Matheson, the Norwegian champion skater, is going to visit America next winter. He will be here some time before the opening of the season, the order to become familiar with the ways of the people of the new world. He admits that he expects to find a number of worthy competitors. His family will remain in Norway, and he expects to return home next spring.

SWEDEN.

Plans have been perfected for making charcoal out of peat, according to a method which has proved successful in Germany. The finished product is really a special kind of coke, which, however, produces just as much heat as the best coal. Three pounds of peat will make about one pound of coke, and a number of valuable by-products. The cost of a plant large enough to make it pay is about \$200,000, which is considered reasonable.

Sweden exported 30,000 reapers and mowers to Russia last summer, and it is expected that this number will be trebled next year. Sweden also exported 700 tons of binding twine during the past season. Tractors for farm work are also exported to Russia by the hundred.

The parish of Arna was recently visited by a hailstorm which did much damage. The hailstones were as large as plums, and it took three days of very warm weather to thaw out the biggest sizes of them.

The health of Queen Victoria permitted her to leave Germany for Sweden August 2, and she was to spend some time at the Sollden summer palace.

The value of the crops of Sweden are put at about \$200,000,000 a year, but this year's crops are said to be worth about twice this amount.

The king has granted permission to take up a collection in every church in the country for the purchase of Bibles for the army and navy.

To make clothes out of peat would seem to be a forlorn traffic. But a Swede has actually turned this trick, and at least five persons in Sweden are known to be wearing peat clothes. In fact the invention was made 20 years ago by Ernst Fegreus, a Gothenburg engineer. But the invention was at that time considered worthless because peat clothing proved to be too expensive. Now the price of textiles has mounted to such heights that the proposition seems more reasonable than it did 20 years ago. The natural color of the fibers is very beautiful. One of the five holding the distinction of wearing peat clothing is Dr. H. von Peilitzen of Jonkoping, who says he is well pleased with the garment.

Johnnes Danielsson, a farmer at Gullnas, Västervik, celebrated his nineteenth birthday July 20, surrounded by his family and other relatives and friends. What made the event so interesting, however, was the fact that on the same day he had to swing his scythe in a heavy field of clover. Those who were present got the impression that he may run his farm for years to come.

The Swedish fishermen who went to Iceland last spring made a magnificent haul. The government food commission bought the fish, and the ships were ready to take the goods to Sweden when England threatened to take everything at a price of a little less than five cents a pound. The whole catch amounted to about 125,000 barrels of herring.

Such a large number of gravestones are found in the island of Gotland that it is proposed to save them by collecting them in a museum to be built for that purpose. It is said that if nothing is done to preserve them many of them will be destroyed in the near future.

DENMARK.

There are about 2,500,000 acres of tillable land in Denmark, mostly cultivated in small farms, of which there are between 35 and 40 acres per farm. Now the farmers have become co-operative members in all districts and better production has become a fact. About 85 per cent of the small farms and their cattle are affiliated with the co-operative organizations, and about the same percentage of cattle is registered under this co-operative movement. The 1,200 co-operatives of Denmark are centrally located at railway stations and the co-operative farmers have a great advantage in this respect. The co-operatives supply the farmers with the tools and seed, and the percentage of fat and sugar content of the milk is increased. For the purchase of grain, there are associations known as the co-operative grain stores. There are about 1,000 of these with more than 2,000,000 acres. The government has contributed \$700,000 in 1915 to this association.

There are also a number of co-operative slaughterhouses to which 112,000 farmers belong in Denmark today. The government sends annually \$80,000 for meat inspection. Fourteen co-operative Danish slaughterhouses own the Danish Bacon Company of London, and in 1915, Denmark exported \$20,000,000 worth of Danish bacon. Denmark's egg output is largely in the hands of the Danish co-operative egg export and slaughterhouses. It is expected by law to have the date of laying of the egg stamped on each egg, together with the name of the egg producer. Ten million dollars worth of eggs were exported in 1915. The trust formed this year to control the importation of fertilizing agents was quickly and effectively killed by the Danish Co-operative Manure Society, to which 98 per cent of the Danish farmers belong.

So much fresh fish was taken to Lemvig a few days ago that it was impossible to pack it all down for shipment. Some of it was taken to neighboring towns. But that did not improve the situation much, for a regular fish famine was on. Norway is supposed to be a dependable source, but even this failed. To show the anxiety of the situation it may be mentioned that some ice was shipped in from Hamburg, the great commercial port of northern Germany.

The government hired experts to study the coal problem in the Færø Islands, but the result was unsatisfactory. The best coal mines are in Svalbard, but they are so poor that it will not pay to develop the mines for shipping beyond the neighborhood.

The farmers in the vicinity of Aars are complaining bitterly about the damage done by foxes. It has happened that a fox would come in the middle of the day and help himself to half a dozen chickens, and this is rather expensive food. The right to hunt in that part of the country belongs to the county of Länshöj, and in former years a regular fox hunt took place once a year. But the foxes have been neglected on account of the war, and now they are becoming regular pests.

In resolutions adopted by the legislature at St. Thomas, D. W. I., urged the Danish government to sell the Danish West Indies to the United States as speedily as possible to end present uncertainty. The resolutions, which were adopted unanimously, were called to the finance minister of Denmark at Copenhagen.

Many farmers in the country around Skovbo have succeeded in keeping down the fly pest in their barns by leaving the windows open so that swallows can build nests in the barns.

Second Coming of Christ

By REV. JAMES M. GRAY, D.D.,
Dean of Moody Bible Institute,
Chicago.

TEXT—Waiting for the coming of our Lord Jesus Christ.—1 Cor. 1:7.

There is unusual interest at this time in the second coming of Christ, and many are the inquiries as to what it means and when it may take place.



The importance of the subject from the divine point of view is seen in that it is alluded to over 300 times in the New Testament. Indeed, perhaps there is no doctrine of Christianity dwelt upon to such an extent as this, unless it be the fundamental one of our redemption through the cross.

What Does It Mean?

The second coming of Christ means a personal, in the sense of a visitor, reappearing of our Lord on this earth. Such seems to be the teaching of his own words when, in the presence of the high priest he said: "Hereafter shall ye see the son of man sitting on the right hand of power and coming in the clouds of heaven." This is recorded in the 26th of Matthew at the 64th verse. The angels taught the same truth to the disciples on the Mount of Olives when they said, "Ye men of Galilee, why stand ye here looking up into heaven? This same Jesus which is taken up from you into heaven shall so come in like manner as ye have seen him go into heaven." This is recorded in Acts 1:11. And finally in the last book of the Bible we find John exclaiming, "Behold, he cometh with clouds; and every eye shall see him, and they also which pierced him: and all kindreds of the earth shall wail because of him. Even so, amen."

When Will It Take Place?

This doctrine has been brought into dispute because many have assumed that it is only for the comfort of our Lord, understanding that the Bible warns against it. Jesus himself said to his disciples: "Watch, therefore, for ye know not what hour your Lord doth come." There are some who think that a millennium of peace and prosperity will be experienced on the earth before the Lord comes, but such a belief seems in contradiction to his command to watch. He also seems to contradict the teachings of his parables concerning his second coming, and especially that of the nobleman in the parable of the fig tree.

There is also, one other fact that seems to preclude the expectation of a millennium before Jesus comes; that is, what the New Testament teaches as to the moral and spiritual conditions in the world at the end of this age. We are all familiar with the teaching of Paul in his second epistle to Timothy at the third chapter, where he says that "in the last days perilous times shall come." He then goes on to define what he means by that, adding that there shall be lovers of self, lovers of money, boastful, haughty, railers, disobedient to parents, unthankful, unkind, without natural affection, traitors, false accusers, without self-control, fierce, not lovers of good, traitors, high-spirited, high-minded, lovers of pleasure rather than lovers of God; having a form of godliness, but denying the power thereof. All this does not look like a millennium, and yet how much it looks like the times in which we are now living! Can it be, therefore, that the coming of the Lord may be nearer than most of us expect?

Results of His Coming.

In the light of the second coming there are three classes of men to be considered, which are defined in First Corinthians at the 15th chapter—as the Jew, the Gentile, and the church of God. To begin with the last named, the coming of Christ will mean the translation of the church to meet him in the air, according to First Thessalonians 4:13-15. "It would seem to be after this translation that Christ comes with his saints and his holy angels to the earth, as indicated in the Scriptures previously referred to. This coming is for judgment on the Gentile nations which 'know not God' and obey not the gospel of our Lord Jesus Christ." It will be also the day of tribulation for the Jewish people, such as they have never known, but not of which a faithful remnant will be delivered and become the nucleus of the kingdom of God on the earth. This seems to be the teaching of many places in the Old and New Testament, but especially in the second chapter of Daniel.

Bringing the Truth Home.

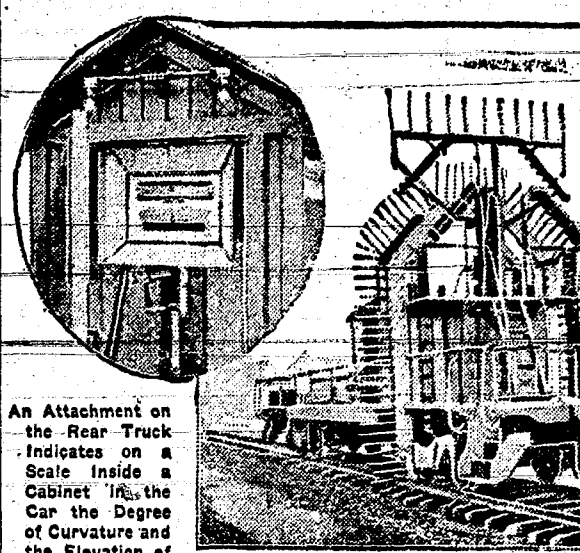
This hope of the second coming of Christ is the great motive for holy living. Where it really takes hold of the hearts of Christian believers it restrains them from known sin as nothing else does.

It is also the great comfort in disappointment and trial, for our Lord said that when he came again, in the glory of his father he would bring his reward with him. Hence what a stimulus to holy endeavor in the face of difficulties and discouragements, for—

No word he hath spoken
Was ever yet broken.

Finally, how the thought of his coming should move men to repentance and faith in his name! O, those solemn words which Paul spoke to the unbelievers and inconverts in Athens: "God now commandeth all men everywhere to repent; because he hath appointed a day in the which he will judge the world in righteousness by that man whom he hath ordained; whereunto he hath given assurance unto all men, in that he hath raised him from the dead."

CAR TO DO IMPORTANT WORK



With All Attachments Working Automatically It Is Possible to Take Clearance Measurements While the Car is Running.

GET DATA ON LINE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD HAS NEW CLEARANCE CAR.

Designed for Important Work in Obtaining Measurements of Distances From Track to Projections—Can Operate Day or Night.

A new clearance car has just been placed in service on the Pennsylvania railroad lines east of Pittsburgh and Erie. It is being run over every division as rapidly as possible in order to secure correct measurements of the distances from the track to projecting portions of station buildings, tunnels, bridges and other objects. It is also designed to indicate automatically while moving on curves the elevation of the rails and the degree of curvature.

The car is built entirely of steel, and is equipped with airbrakes, steam heating and electric lights. There are two floors, or elevations, both of them used for taking measurements from the temples. Clearances are computed from the center of the wheel track, over which the main temple is erected. From an elevation of 12 feet above the top of the rails the temple tapers up toward the middle of the car at an angle of 45 degrees.

Immediately in front of the temple is an auxiliary temple designed to measure overhead bridges, tunnels and other objects between elevations of 17 and 20 feet above the top of the rails. This temple is capable of being raised to a height of 18 feet by a crank and a ratchet arrangement on the floor of the car. Enclosed in steel cylindrical boxes with translucent glass fronts during the temple is a series of electric lights which extend from the floor of the car on each side to a height of 15 feet. Light from these makes it possible to take measurements both day and night.

Attached to the feet and the side of the temple are graduated scales which indicate automatically the distance from the rim of the temple to the side or overhead object. In addition, a small board, equipped with a set of feelers, shows one inch apart has been provided to measure corners of roofs, of shelter sheds, or other irregular objects. From Popular Science Monthly.

Big Ferry.
Railroad car ferry service is now running between Key West and Havana operated by the Peninsula and Occidental Steamship Line. This car ferry has facilities for carrying 30 standard size American freight cars and furnishes a daily service between the ports. Freight in full carload lots is handled expeditiously and safely. Sugar and molasses cars are loaded at the Cuban mills and forwarded through to destination, while heavy machinery from the United States is loaded at the place of manufacture and carried through to its Cuban destination without transfer. The handling of fruit and vegetables for the southern markets has also been greatly facilitated by this service.

Fewer Idle Freight Cars.
On July 1 the net surplus of freight cars on the railroads of the United States and Canada was 52,116, as compared with 55,224 on June 1. With the exception of the latter date, July 1 shows the largest surplus this year, these returns having shown a net shortage as recently as March 1.

The following table gives the total surpluses and shortages of all classes of cars as reported each month this year:

Not shortage.
Of the engineers assigned to the Black Diamond express of the Lehigh Valley road, when it was instituted, 20 years ago, four are still in active service. Two have been promoted and five have left the service. Thomas Farley is still on the same run and has missed few trips. The three conductors originally chosen to serve on the express are still at this work.

To Lessen Smoke Nuisance.
To lessen the smoke nuisance an inventor proposes drawing locomotive smoke beneath the engine and molting it so that the soot and cinders drop to the ground.

According to Inquiries.
"It's wrong of me to take this food," said the tramp, as he reached out for the pie in the window; "but," he added, "I've had reported inquiries for it from the department of the interior, and I shall now deliver the goods."

LINK GREECE WITH EUROPE

Last Strip of Line Necessary for the Connection Has Been Put Into Place.

It is interesting to report the completion of the remaining strip of unconstructed road necessary to the final linking up of Greece with the rest of Europe, writes Consul General Weddall from Athens. This gap of some 50 miles has at last been closed and the stretch of new roadway was thrown open to traffic in May of this year.

The result of the completion of this work to Greece can hardly be overestimated. As soon as the war is ended, through trains will be run from Paris and other European capitals to Athens. The time from Paris will be shortened to some 60 hours. It is thought, and through dining and sleeping cars of the Compagnie Internationale des Wagons Lits et des Grands Express Européens will run over the lines.

This hitherto missing link in communication lay between Thessalonica and the Saloniki-Monastir line, and Thessalonica, on the Thessalonian frontier. Temporary bridges of wood will span streams and valleys until permanent steel and concrete structures replace them after the war. Twenty powerful American locomotives, now ready at Athens, will draw these trains at high speed through the picturesque Vistritza valley and along the Aegean coast to their destination.

WAS FIRST AMERICAN LINE

Ground Broken for the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Some Eighty-eight Years Ago.

The first railroad system in North America, the Baltimore and Ohio, and its beginning 88 years ago, when ground was broken at Baltimore. The fourth of July of that year was a memorable one in the Maryland metropolis, and all business was suspended, while men from all over the state took part in the parade.

The ground-breaking ceremony was conducted by Charles Carroll of Carrollton, the last survivor of the signers of the Declaration of Independence, who was then ninety-two years old. As he drove the spade into the earth the venerable statesman exclaimed: "I consider this among the most important acts of my life, second only to that of signing the Declaration of Independence. It seemed even to that time, the last survivor of the signers of the Declaration of Independence, who was then ninety-two years old. As he drove the spade into the earth the venerable statesman exclaimed: "I consider this among the most important acts of my life, second only to that of signing the Declaration of Independence. It seemed even to that time, the last survivor of the signers of the Declaration of Independence, who was then ninety-two years old. 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Willys-Knight

Sleeve Valve Motor

At Last! The Real Thing in Motors

Ride in a Willys-Knight.
You don't know the real thing until you've had this experience.

Don't judge it by any other car.

There's nothing with which to compare it.

The quiet powerful smoothness of the Willys-Knight motor is a thing to marvel at—it simply revolutionizes any previous notion you may have had about how smooth and soft a motor could be.

You can't possibly realize what it means until you try it.

You simply wouldn't have anything else after you know what it means.

See us today.

L. J. KRAUS, PHONE 1222, Grayling, Mich.

The Willys-Overland Company, Toledo, Ohio
"Made in U. S. A."

☒ WILLIAM H. CODY

For SHERIFF—
Republican Ticket

Efficiency in Service. Economy in Management.

I will appreciate your vote and any further assistance you may care to afford me.

WILLIAM H. CODY.

Crawford Avalanche

Dr. P. Schumann, Editor and Proprietor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year.....\$1.50
Six Months......75
Three Months......40

Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice at Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, SEPT. 21
A new Ford auto belonging to William Milliken of Beaver Creek, turned turtle when turning around on the Portage lake road yesterday, slightly damaging the car.

Local News

We have a full line of foot ball and basket ball athletic goods in stock. Can fit you out with anything you want. Olaf Sorenson & Sons.
Mrs. Jacob Collins and two small daughters of Schwartz Creek arrived Tuesday to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John O. Goudrow and her sister, Mrs. Bernard Conklin.

Andrew Larsen reports that the opening yesterday, of his new store, the Grayling Coffee and Tea Store, was a grand success. About 100 people attended and were served coffee and wafers free.

Miss Margaret Joseph returned last Saturday to resume her studies at Milwaukee. She was accompanied by her brother, Louis, who will spend a week there before leaving for the U. of M. Ann Arbor.

Will J. Lauder expects to return today to Lansing to continue his studies at M. A. C. His mother, Mrs. O. W. Roeser will accompany him as far as Saginaw, where she will attend the Heidenrich-Krants wedding.

Mrs. J. W. Sorenson and Miss Carrie Jorgenson, who accompanied the Adler-Jorgenson family to the State fair, returned home the latter part of last week. Adler-Jorgenson and family returned home Monday in their Hup car.

"The Girl without a Chance" company, which is to appear at the Grayling opera house next Friday evening Sept. 22, is under the same management and production of the "Within the Law," that appeared here a couple of seasons ago.

There will be no services in the Danish-Lutheran church, Sunday, Oct. 1, as Rev. Kjalhede will be absent in attendance at the Kresmdge, a meeting of all the ministers of the Danish-Lutheran churches of this district, which will be held in Detroit.

Do not forget the Gaylord fair next week. There will be some red hot ball-games between Tom Stephens' Otsego, Cheboygan and other crack teams. Jake Letakus has signed to play with Otsego. Grayling Citizens' band will furnish music.

The new American-LaFrance chemical fire engine, recently purchased by the village, arrived yesterday. It is expected that a representative of the manufacturers will be here soon to set up and give a demonstration of the operating of the outfit. This engine should increase our fire fighting efficiency fully 100%.

Carl Smith son of W. C. Smith, the Michigan Central flagman, was united in marriage to Miss Hazel L. Bunker of Wolverline, Monday of this week, at the home of the groom's parents, Rev. C. M. Smith of Pinconning, an uncle of the groom, performed the ceremony. The happy couple will make their home at Grayling.

James B. Horton of West Branch, president of the Northeastern Michigan Soldiers' Association, was in the city yesterday posting bills advertising the next annual reunion that will be held in West Branch Oct. 4, 5 and 6. He says that the people of his town are planning on giving the soldiers a big time and wants every veteran in the district to attend.

Andrew Mortenson of Beaver Creek township brot in a fine ear of field corn last week and the same is now on exhibition at this office. It is about 10 inches long and contains 14 rows of line corn. Mr. Mortenson says that he has still better corn but it was not ripe as the sample submitted. This year's crop is the best, says Mr. Mortenson, that he has ever

Messrs. Loraine Sparks and John Balcer spent Sunday in Bay City.

Miss Flora Hanson left Saturday for Johannesburg for a short visit.

H. Joseph of the Grayling Mercantile Co., is in Detroit taking electric baths for rheumatism.

Miss Helen Bauman returned last Friday to Auburndale, Mass., to resume her studies at the Lasell Seminary.

Miss Clara Nelson will leave tomorrow for Ypsilanti to enter the Normal school to take a primary teacher's course.

Mrs. Charles E. Bingham and Miss Helen returned home last Friday after spending several days in Detroit and Ypsilanti.

Jay Bubb with Troop A, Cavalry at Camp Ferris returned Tuesday from a four day furlough, spent at his home in Detroit.

The base ball game last Sunday between the Second battalion, champions of the 33rd regiment, and the Ambulance corps, resulted in a one-sided victory for the "Champs." The score was 18 to 5 in favor of the Battalion. The day was chilly and damp and the attendance light.

School Notes

Miss Pearsall has organized a girls' glee club in the high school.

The A class of the sixth grade have made a good start in decimal fractions.

"The Children's Hour" by Longfellow, is being committed to memory by the B division of the fourth grade.

For paper cutting and construction work the second and third graders of the South side are making an Indian village.

The story of Hiawatha is of interest to the first grade boys and girls just at the present time.

Kenneth Johnson, Edward Waldron and Belle Maxon are new pupils in the high school. The first mentioned had all of his expenses paid to the state fair, as a reward for writing the best set of papers at the county eighth grade examination last spring.

The fourth grade are enjoying a few stories from Greek history.

The first grade is learning the poem, "September," by Helen Hunt Jackson.

The new piano in the high school is not only a beautiful instrument to look upon, but it also has plenty of volume and a tone of good quality.

Mr. Beam and Mr. Atchison from Battery B of the Mobilization Camp, were visitors in the high school Tuesday.

Owing to the large number of pupils in the first grade it was found necessary to transfer the A class of eleven pupils to the second grade. We shall now consider them as the C class of the second grade. Miss Clark still has an enrollment of 59. No more beginners can be admitted into either first grade until the second semester.

Roy Case was recently elected captain of the foot ball team.
The Sophomore class has organized with the following officers: president, Virginia Bingham; vice president, Percy Felling; secretary, Hazel Cassidy; treasurer, Nina Petersen.

A consignment of school supplies that we have been anxiously waiting for, just arrived yesterday. They were shipped from Chicago, Aug. 31.

We are glad to have Wilda Failing of the class of 1914 back with us again. She is taking commercial work.

Large Crowd Hear Dry Lectures.

The stereopticon lecture at the M. E. church, Tuesday night in the interest of state wide prohibition was so well attended, that chairs had to be placed in the front and rear part of the church. While a large majority of the audience was composed of women and children, still there were many men present.

Dr. D. Ostlund, a native of Sweden, who had spent the past 17 years in temperance work in Iceland, was the first speaker. He confuted his talk principally to the wet and dry question, and said but little about Iceland, as had been expected after reading his advertisement.

He was followed by C. E. Dowdell, dry manager for the counties of Cheboygan, Otsego and Crawford. Dowdell is an ex-saloon keeper and pugilist. He told of his experiences in the saloon business and recited a history of his parents, sisters and brothers, who in almost all cases were disgraced or killed drunkards' graves. His talk was illustrated by stereopticon pictures. At the conclusion of the lectures a collection was taken up and pledges of financial support received. Mr. Dowdell is scheduled to speak again Grayling before the close of the campaign.

Next week, Tuesday evening, Mrs. Etta Shaw, of Ohio, will speak on the dry side at the M. E. church. On Wednesday evening she will speak at the Cente Plains school house and Thursday evening at the Beaver Creek school house. Later in the week Mrs. Shaw will speak in Frederic, Deword and Maple Forest.

Methodist Episcopal Church Notes.

Services will be resumed on Sunday next in the M. E. church Grayling. Rev. A. Mitchell, who has been in the field in Grayling for two years, has been appointed by the Bishop to succeed himself for another year. Rev. Mitchell will preach Sunday morning and evening at the usual time—10:30 a. m. and 7 o'clock p. m. Every body heartily invited and welcome.

Who's your Tailor?

TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1914

Again, Our Guaranty!

The following letter from our famous Chicago tailors, Ed. V. Price & Co., means much to clothes-buyers.

Chicago, Sept. 1, 1916
Following the custom pursued by us for many years, we wish our old customers, as well as our new, to return any coat made by us during the past season in which the lining has not given satisfactory wear or the fronts have not held their shape. We will be pleased to re-line the garment and put in new fronts, or if this cannot be done, make a new coat free of charge.

Very truly yours,
Ed. V. Price & Co.

Why not select one of our handsome new woollens and leave your measure for your new Autumn suit—Today?

Prices Reasonable

Selling,
Hanson Co.

Exclusive local dealers for
Ed. V. Price & Co.



Like home cooking after a trip—they satisfy!

When you've been away awhile, home cooking does taste good—it satisfies! What home cooking does for your hunger, Chesterfields do for your smoking—they satisfy!

Yet Chesterfields are mild, too!

This is a new thing for a cigarette to do—satisfy, and still be mild! If you want this new kind of enjoyment that smokers are raving about, you can get it only in Chesterfields. Why?

Because no other cigarette maker can copy the Chesterfield "Secret!"

Try Chesterfields—today!

Liggett's Myers Tobacco Co.



Chesterfield

CIGARETTES

They SATISFY!
—and yet they're MILD

"The Most Expensive Turkish Tobaccoes ever grown are contained in the famous Chesterfield Blend."—KANTILL for its fragrance; SMYRNA for its sweetness; CAVALLA for its aroma; SAMSON for its richness.

20 for 10c

WANTS

Advertisements will be accepted under this heading at the rate of 5 cents per line. No ad. taken for less than 15 cents. There are about six words to the line. SEND MONEY WITH THE ORDER.

FOR SALE—Large Peninsular Oak heater—burns wood or coal. Good condition. Also a Garland kitchen range and other household furniture. Inquire of Mrs. S. L. Meade.

FOR SALE—Bay mare, 6 years old; also horse colt 1 year old. Cheap for cash or will trade partly for cattle. Frank Zeitelberger, Gerrish township, Roscommon, Mich. 2t

LOST—Gold watch while attending school at Frederic. It has a hunting case and with gold fob. Warren Villard, Frederic. 9-21-3

SALESMAN or SALESLADY—A steady and good paying business is open for a hustling man or woman who will take charge of our business in this locality. For information write Grand Union Tea Co., Bay City, Mich. 9-21-2

LOST, STRAYED or STOLEN Three spring calves, one red, one black and white and one red and white. Reward offered. Address, Herman Miller, Route 1, Roscommon, Box 86. 9-21-4

FOR SALE CHEAP—House and barn with five lots, all fenced. Chicken house and park. Phone 443. W. N. McEvers. 9-21-4t

WANTED—A couple of girls. Apply at Mercy hospital. 9-21-4

How to Give Good Advice. The best way to give good advice is to set a good example. When others see how quickly you get over your cold by taking Chamberlain's Cough Remedy they are likely to follow your example. This remedy has been in use for many years and enjoys an excellent reputation. Obtainable everywhere.

To the Electors of Crawford County:

Having accepted the nomination for Register of Deeds on the Democratic ticket, and if elected will see that the office is kept up to its present standard of efficiency.

Try it this way—once:

☒ PERRY OSTRANDER

For Register of Deeds

Thank you,

UNCLE PERRY

O. Palmer
Solicitor for Complainant. 9-21-6

ABOUT DRUGS

There are two classes of druggists and two kinds of drugs that are sold to the public.

1. The druggist who is altogether on the "make" and who sells cheap and stale drugs at full prices.

2. The druggist who is on the "square" and who sells only pure and guaranteed drugs at no increase in price.

This drug store is on the "square" in its every sale and its every act. There are no cheap drugs in our stock, and no stale ones, and we never substitute.

When you bring a physician's prescription to this store you get exactly what that physician intends you to have—no more or no less.

BRING YOUR PRESCRIPTIONS TO US AND BE SAFE

A. M. LEWIS

Your Druggist

Phone 18



Now is the time to fill up your bins with

Coal and Coke
for winter use.

We handle Solvay Coke and the best grades of Hard and Soft Coal. Best prices and prompt delivery.

CITY COAL YARD

J. M. BUNTING, Prop'r.
Phone 713



AUTUMN DISPLAY OF LADIES' AND MISSES' SUITS AND COATS

NEW FALL MODELS

\$18.00 to \$30.00

For Suits worth your inspection

\$15.00 to \$35.00

For the season's newest in Coats

Another lot of Ladies' Fancy Collars just received

25c 35c 50c 75c

New Fall Hats

in our Millinery department

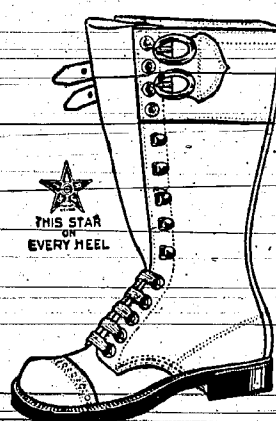
By far the largest showing of stylish Fall Hats we have ever shown

\$2.50 to \$8.00

Outing Flannels

In light or dark colors, large selection, at

White at **10c yard**
7c to 15c yard



HI-CUT SHOES

For Boys and Men that are strong and serviceable.

Grayling's Largest Stock of

UNDERWEAR.

is on display at this store.

Two-piece or Union for every member of the family, and a better quality for less money.

Grayling Mercantile Co.

THE QUALITY STORE

Local News

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, SEPT. 21

Mrs. Daniel Moshier is now driving a fine new Saxon car.

See Mrs. Edward Sorenson for your ladies', misses' and children's hats.

Helen, the young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Ziebell is ill at their home.

Mrs. Andrew Balhoff left Monday afternoon for a few days visit with friends in Bay City.

Mrs. F. Campbell and daughter, Miss Sate of Munising, were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William McNeven. They arrived Tuesday.

Thos. Doyle returned Monday morning from Bay City, where he had spent a week visiting his family, who reside there. Mr. Doyle is employed at one of the Salling Hanson Co. mills as sawyer.

Miss Bernadette Tetu is spending a few days in Bay City.

Ladies', misses' and children's hats. Mrs. Edward Sorenson.

Mrs. A. Lang of New Orleans, is visiting Mrs. Celia Granger.

Miss Edith Olstrom of Deward, who has been attending school in Mancelona, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Chas. Adams.

Just think! gasoline this week dropped to only 23 cents in Grayling. Has been 25 cents per gallon for the past four months.

Special service checks will be given up to next Wednesday night on all kinds of electric and oil lamps.

Sorenson Bros.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Freeman drove down from Gaylord last Sunday, and were guests for the day of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Preston.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Getz of Brown City were guests over Sunday of their son and family, A. M. Lewis. Mrs. Getz is remaining this week.

The Mothers' club cordially thank those who assisted in making the teachers' reception at the school house last Friday evening a success.

J. Kraus and wife returned home Saturday night from a two weeks' auto-trip through southeastern Michigan. They drove their Overland over 1,000 miles.

Mrs. Arthur Maxwell of Flint, spent last week here visiting her husband, who is employed as clerk at the Peterson grocery. She left Friday for Lewiston to remain for a short time, to visit old friends.

Wm. Brennan, night foreman at the round house, resigned his position about two weeks ago and went to work for the Ford motor company at Detroit. He returned to Grayling yesterday and took back his old job.

A letter from Rev. J. C. Elliott, announces that the Presbytery of Saginaw, by their S. S. Board and Committee of Missions have decided to reopen the Presbyterian church here, and will soon have a resident pastor.

The Battle Creek Sanitarium will celebrate their golden jubilee, October 21, 1917.

The management is planning on a big time in commemoration of the event. Engraved invitations are being sent out to people to be present.

"You may, and you may not need glasses even though your eyes do trouble you, but would it not be good policy to be on the safe side and have Hathaway look your eyes over? If you are busy during the day, make an evening appointment. Phone 1273.

The many friends of Rev. Aaron Mitchell will be pleased to learn that the bishop of this Methodist conference, in Detroit assembled last week, has re-appointed Mr. Mitchell to the charge of the Grayling church for another year. Next week will be the beginning of the third year for Rev. Mitchell at this place.

Use the Avalanche want column for results.

A. Herman is spending the week with his family at Onaway.

And now Mr. President, how about an eight hour law for mothers?

Mrs. Fred Michelson of Bay City, is visiting at the home of Nels Michelson.

You may be next! Why don't you buy some Fire Insurance?

Geo. L. Alexander & Son.

Daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Herluf Sorenson yesterday. Congratulations.

Ladies', children's and misses' hats.

Mrs. Edward Sorenson will handle a line of hats at her home on the corner of Peninsular avenue and Tonia street.

Boats for rent at Portage lake park, a half mile from Resort, on the M. & N. E. railroad. Fine train service from Grayling. Otto McIntyre. At

Dr. and Mrs. Edward LaMothe of Garden Bay, returned to their home yesterday, after a several days visit with their son, Edward Jr. and daughter, Mrs. Frank LaMotte.

At a meeting of the directors of the Grayling board of trade last evening it was decided to give a banquet at Shoppenagon's lun to the members of the Grand Rapids chamber of commerce who will be here next week Friday evening. Members of the local board will be required to pay \$1.00 for the banquet and thus help defray the expenses of the affair. A program of speeches will follow the banquet, T. Hanson to act as toastmaster.

The very glad news was received the first of the week by the friends of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Jorgenson of the birth of a baby son on September 12, at their home in Neillsville, Wisconsin.

Later word was received that the infant had passed away Sunday morning. The mother will be remembered as Miss Amy Irving, a former teacher in the Grayling schools, and Mr. Jorgenson is well known here. Their many friends join with them in their sorrow in the loss of their little babe.

The Avalanche acknowledges receipt on an invitation to attend the formal opening of the new home the Saginaw Daily News at Saginaw. The opening is being held today, September 21. The News is now located in a fine three-story stone building and equipped with the latest apparatus in the way of printing presses and composing-room materials. The business and editorial rooms are provided with the most modern methods and comforts. The News is the property of the Booth Syndicate and like all their newspaper enterprises they are right up to the times.

The regular monthly meeting of the Grayling board of trade will be held at the Sorenson furniture store next Monday evening at 8:00 o'clock. At this time there will be very important matters to be taken up. As the visit of the Grand Rapids wholesalers will be the Friday evening following, arrangements for their entertainment will have to be made. Also the matter of our trip to Bay City will again be taken up. Our previous arrangement had to be cancelled because of the coming of the National guard to Grayling. Please let every member who can possibly do so, be in attendance at this meeting.

There is one side of the war that does not seem to have been discussed by the press of the country. What a wonderful avenue it opens up for the "White Slave Trust." Too many of us do not realize that there is such a trust, but a glance at almost any city newspaper will reveal the fact that thousands of our innocent girls are being drawn into this gigantic whirlpool of vice every year. The hundreds of young girls, who are left fatherless and brotherless by the great strife abroad, will be easy prey for the vultures who barter womanly virtue on the altar of profit. Too many of us have never familiarized ourselves with their methods. Every father and mother in this city should see "The Girl without a Chance," which appears at the Grayling Opera house, one night only, Friday, September 22, and learn some of the inside workings of this hideous traffic, which has flourished for many years in our midst. Every girl should see it, so that she may avoid a fate similar to that suffered by the heroine of this wonderful life story. Remember this is not a moving picture. Positively no children under 16 years admitted.

A burning car of charcoal at the du Pont plant last night called out both city fire departments as well as their own. They soon had it extinguished. The fire occurred from spontaneous combustion caused by dampness.

HOSPITAL TAG DAY AND BALL.
For Benefit of Grayling Mercy Hospital.

Next Tuesday will be hospital day when Mercy hospital tags will be offered on our streets and public places to those who wish to contribute in the interest of charity.

During the year many cases are brot to Mercy hospital wherein the patient is without funds and oftentimes without friends and acquaintances. Such cases are cared for equally as well as those their expenses are paid for.

It is for this purpose that the public are invited to contribute such sums as they seem fit, to assist in this work.

In the evening of the same day there will be a charity ball in the school gymnasium. A charge of \$1.00 will be made for the ball. If you cannot buy a tag, please attend the ball; and if you cannot attend the ball, please buy a tag, and those who can do both may be assured their contributions will be gratefully received.

Way Sagless Spring

Induces Restful Sleep

It conforms to the shape of the body with a gentle yielding pressure that does away with the cramped feeling in the shoulder and arm, that keeps you from rolling unwillingly toward the center of the bed, that induces complete relaxation and a feeling of delightful restfulness.

It is noiseless. It is sanitary—all metal—vermin proof. It cannot tear bedclothes.

It is guaranteed for a quarter century not to sag, bag or break.

30 Nights' Trial in your own home—free. Let us send you one. If you can induce yourself to part with it after sleeping on it for 30 nights, we'll buy it back at full price.

Sorenson Bros.

The Home of Dependable Furniture

We Are Open for Business and are at Your Service

GIVE US A TRIAL ORDER AND WE BELIEVE WE WILL HAVE A STEADY CUSTOMER.

Remember our Coffee is Fresh Roasted and we grind it as you get it, which enables you to get full benefit of the flavor and aroma.

Saturday afternoon we will have **Fresh Kringle and Vinerbrod**

Phone 553 and we do the rest

GRAYLING COFFEE and TEA STORE

ANDREW LARSEN, Prop'r.

Peaches and Tomatoes

Place your orders for canning purposes

The season will soon be over

H. Petersen

The store that gives Quality, Service and Price.

GENTLEMEN:

This ad is only a gentle reminder that now is the time to have your cold weather garments repaired, altered or cleaned. We do that to perfection. We turn them into 1917 garments, so don't discard your last year's duds until you have consulted Mike. We also want you to remember that we just received the swellest line of all wool samples and we make some snappy suits and overcoats at

\$18.00 and up

The Brenner Tailoring and Cleaning Co.

Phone 1243
Cor. Maple and Ottawa Sts.
Grayling, Mich.

THE LONE STAR RANGER

A Thrilling Texas Border Story
By ZANE GREY

SYNOPSIS

The time of the story is 1885. The place: The Texas cow country. The chief characters: Buck Duane, a young man who has inherited a lust to kill, which he suppresses. In self-defense he shoots dead a drunken bully and is forced to flee to the wild country where he joins the outlaw band. Buck is a young man of about 25, a fair, handsome fellow, with a good deal of the cowboy's outfit. Buck is a young man of about 25, a fair, handsome fellow, with a good deal of the cowboy's outfit. Buck is a young man of about 25, a fair, handsome fellow, with a good deal of the cowboy's outfit.

Have you ever deliberately taken a chance where the odds were three to one that you would be killed? If you saw your child fall into deep water, it is likely that you would immediately plunge in and try to save him without reasoning the chances against your safety. Suppose that your wife or sister were held captive in a house by an armed maniac who intended to kill any would-be rescuer? Would you go and try to rescue them? Read this installment. See what desperate chances Buck Duane took to prove his innocence of a foul crime.

CHAPTER XIII—Continued.

Duane has just escaped into the underbrush from a posse intent on lynching him.

The Rio Grande and its tributaries for the most of their length in Texas ran between wide, low, flat lands covered by a dense growth of willow, cottonwood, mesquite, prickly pear, and other growths mingled with the willow, and altogether they made a matted, tangled copse, a thicket that an inexperienced man would have considered impenetrable.

The depths of this back Duane had penetrated was a silent, dreary, strange place. In the middle of the day the light was overcast and dim. When a breeze fluttered the foliage, then slender shafts and spears of sunshine pierced the green mantle and danced like gold on the ground.

Duane had always felt the strangeness of this kind of place, and likewise he had felt a protecting, harrowing something which always seemed to him to be the sympathy of the brake for a hunted creature. Any unwelcome, even a faint, sound when he had glided under the leafy, rustling green roof of this wild covert.

Duane wanted to cross the river if that was possible, and, keeping in the brake, work his way upstream till he had reached country more hospitable. He pushed on. His left arm had to be favored, as he could scarcely move it. Using his right to spread the willow, he slipped sideways for a few feet and made fast time. Finally, after a tedious penetration, he still deeper brush he broke through to the bank of the river.

He faced a wide, shallow, muddy stream with banks on the opposite bank extending like a green and yellow



Lifted Enough Water to Quench His Thirst.

will. Duane perceived at a glance the futility of his trying to cross at this point. Everywhere the sluggish water level quivered and heaved. Before leaving the bank he tied his hat upon a pole and lifted enough water to quench his thirst. Then he worked his way back to where the brush grew more advanced and easier, and kept on upstream till the shadows were so deep he could not see. Feeling around for a place big enough to stretch out on, he lay down. For the time being he was as safe there as he would have been beyond in the Rio Rock. He was tired, though not exhausted, and in spite of the throbbing pain in his arm he dropped at once into sleep.

CHAPTER XIII.

How long Duane was traveling out of that region he never knew. But he reached familiar country and found a rancher who had before befriended him. Here his arm was attended to; he had food and sleep; and in a couple of weeks he was himself again.

When the time came for Duane to ride away on his endless trail his friend reluctantly imparted the information that some thirty miles south of the village of Shirley, there was a posse of a certain number of men

ward for Buck Duane dead or alive. Duane had heard of such notices, but he had never seen one. His friend's reluctance and refusal to state for what particular deed this reward was offered roused Duane's curiosity. Abruptly he decided to ride over there and find out who wanted him dead or alive, and why.

Toward afternoon, from the top of a long hill, Duane saw the green fields and trees and shining roofs of a town he considered must be Shirley. And at the bottom of the hill he came upon an intersecting road. There was a placard nailed on the cross-road sign post. Duane drew near it and read the placard. "REWARD FOR BUCK DUANE DEAD OR ALIVE." Peering closer to read the finer, more faded print, Duane learned that he was wanted for the murder of Mrs. Jeff Aiken at her ranch near Shirley. The month September was named, but the date was illegible. The reward was offered by the woman's husband, whose name appeared with that of a sheriff's at the bottom of the placard.

Duane read the thing twice. When he straightened he was sick with the horror of his fate, wild with passion at those misguided fools who could believe that he had harmed a woman. A dark, passionate fury possessed him. It shook him like a storm shakes the oak. When it passed, leaving him cold, with clouded brow and piercing eyes, his mind was set. Spurring his horse, he rode straight toward the village.

Shirley appeared to be a large, pretentious country town. A branch of some railroad terminated there. The main street was wide, bordered by trees and commodious houses, and many of the stores were of brick. A large plaza shaded by giant cottonwood occupied a central location.

Duane pulled his running horse and halted him, plunging and snorting, before a group of the men who lounged on benches in the shade of a spreading cottonwood. How many times had Duane seen just that kind of lazy, shirt-sleeved Texas group! Not often, however, had he seen such placid, calm, good-natured men change their expression, their attitude so swiftly. His advent apparently was momentous. They evidently took him for an unusual visitor. So far as Duane could tell, not one of them recognized him.

He slid off his horse and threw the bridle. "I'm Buck Duane," he said. "I saw that placard out there on a stick. It's a damn lie! Somebody told this man Jeff Aiken. I want to see him."

The announcement was taken in the silence. That was the only effect he noted, for he could not look at these villagers. The reason was simple enough: Duane felt himself overcome with emotion. There were tears in his eyes. He sat down on a bench, put his elbows on his knees and his hands to his face. For once he had absolutely no control of his fate. This indignity was the last straw.

Presently, however, he became aware of some kind of commotion among these villagers. He heard whispering, low, hoarse voices, then the shuffle of rapid feet moving away. All at once a violent hand jerked his arm from his holster. When Duane rose, a giant man, level of face, shaking like a leaf, confronted him with his own gun.

"I want to see him," Duane said, he roared, waving the gun. "That appeared to be the cue for pandemonium to break loose. Several men lay hold of his arms and pinned him behind his back. Resistance was useless even if Duane had had the spirit. One of them fetched his butt from his saddle, and with this they bound him helpless.

"People were running now from the street, the stores, the houses. Old men, cowboys, clerks, boys, puffers came on the trot. The crowd grew; the increasing clamor began to attract women as well as men. A group of girls ran up, then lunged back in fright and pity.

The presence of cowboys made a difference. They split up the crowd, got to Duane, and lay hold of him with rough, businesslike hands. One of them lifted his fists and roared at the frenzied mob to fall back, to stop the racket. He beat them back into a circle; but it was some little time before the hubbub quieted down so a voice could be heard.

"Shut up, will you all?" he was yelling. "Give us a chance to hear something. Easy now—soho. There ain't nobody got to be hurt. There's right everybody quiet now. Let's see what's come off."

This cowboy, evidently one of authority, or at least one of strong personality, turned to the giant man, who still waved Duane's gun. "Abe, put the gun down," he said. "It might go off. Here, give it to me. Now, what's wrong? Who's this rascal, and what's he done?"

The giant fellow, who appeared now about to collapse, lifted a shaking hand and pointed. "That feller—he's Buck Duane!" he panted.

An angry murmur ran through the surrounding crowd. "The rascal! Throw it over a bunch! String him up!" cried an excited villager.

"Abe, how do you know this fellow is Buck Duane?" the cowboy asked, sharply. "Why—he said so," replied the man called Abe. "What!" came the exclamation, incredulously. "It's a tarnation fact," panted Abe, waving his hand importantly. He was an old man and appeared to be carried away with the significance of his deed. "He like to kill his horse right over us all. Then he jumped off, says he was Buck Duane, and he wanted to see Jeff Aiken bad."

This speech caused a second commotion as noisy though not so enduring as the first. When the cowboy, assisted by a couple of his mates, had restored order again, someone had slipped the noose-end of Duane's rope over his head.

"Listen," said Duane, gravely, with his eyes steady. "I'm Buck Duane. I never lied to any man in my life. I was forced into outlawry. I've never had a chance to leave the country. I've killed men to save my own life. I rode thirty miles to-day—deliberately to see what this reward was, who made it, what for. When I read the placard I went sick to the bottom of my soul. So I rode it here to find you—to tell you this: I never saw Shirley before to-day. It was impossible for me to have killed your wife. I set September 1 was two hundred miles north of here on the upper Pecos. I can prove that. Men who know me will tell you I couldn't murder a woman. I haven't any idea why such a deed should be laid at my hands. It's just that wild border gossip. And see here, Aiken. You understand I'm a miserable man. I'm about broken. I guess, I don't care any more for life, for anything. If you can't look me in the eyes, man to man, and believe what I say—why, by God! you can kill me!"



How'll Hell Did You Get His Gun?

I grabbed his gun and got the drop on him. "What the cowboy thought of this was expressed in a laugh. His mates laughed heartily. "Then the leader turned to Duane. "Stranger, I reckon you'd better speak up for yourself," he said. "That stilled the crowd as no common hand had done. 'I'm Buck Duane, all right,' said Duane, quietly. 'It was this way—'

The big cowboy seemed to vibrate with a shock. All the ruddy warmth left his face; his jaw began to bulge; the corded veins in his neck stood out in knots. In an instant he had a hard, stern, strange look. He shut out a powerful hand that fastened in the front of Duane's blouse.

"Something queer here. But if you're Duane you're sure in bad. Any fool ought to know that. You mean it, then?"

"I'm Duane; yes. But I won't stand for the blame of things I never did. There's a lie here. I know that place out there where the reward was. Until now I never was within half a day's ride of this town. I'm blamed for what I never did. I rode in here, told who I was, asked somebody to send for Jeff Aiken."

"An' then you set down an' let this old guy throw your own gun on you?" queried the cowboy in amazement. "I guess that's it," replied Duane. "Well, it's powerful strange, if you're really Buck Duane, what do you want to see Aiken for?"

"I wanted to tell him, to tell him I never harmed his wife. "Suppose we send for Aiken an' he tells you an' doesn't believe you; what then?" "If he won't believe me—why, then my case's so bad—I'd be better off dead."

A momentary silence was broken by Silbert. "If this isn't a queer deal! Boys, reckon we'd better send for Jeff." "Somebody went fer him. He'll be comin' soon," replied a man.

Duane stood a head taller than that circle of curious faces. He gazed out above and beyond them. It was in this way that he chanced to see a number of women on the outskirts of the crowd. Some were old, with lined faces, like the men. Some were young and comely, and most of these seemed agitated by excitement or distress. They cast fearful, pitying glances upon Duane as he stood there with that noose around his neck. Women were more human than men. Duane thought his eyes, that dilated, seemed fascinated at his gaze, but were not excited. It was the old women who were valuable, loud in expression of their feelings.

"That comes Jeff Aiken now," called a man, loudly. The crowd shifted and trampled in eagerness. Duane saw two men coming fast, one of whom in the lead was of stout, wart build. He had a gun in his hand, and his manner was that of fierce energy.

The cowboy Silbert thrust open the jostling circle of men. "Hold on, Jeff," he called, and he blocked the man with the gun. He spoke so low Duane could not hear what he said, and his form hid Aiken's face. At that juncture the crowd spread out, closed in, and Aiken and Silbert were caught in the circle. There was a pushing forward, a pressing of many bodies, horse cries and flinging hands; again the insane tumult was about to break out—the demand for an outlaw's blood, the call for wild justice executed a thousand times before on Texas' bloody soil.

Silbert bellowed at the dark encroaching mass. The cowboys with him leapt and cuffed in vain. "Jeff, will you listen?" broke in Silbert, hurriedly; his hands on the other man's arm.

Aiken nodded coolly. Duane, who had seen many men in perfect control of themselves under circumstances like these, recognized the spirit that dominated Aiken. He was white, cold, passionless. There were lines of bitter grief deep round his lips. If Duane ever felt the meaning of death he felt it then.

"Sure this 's your game, Aiken," said Silbert. "But hea, me a minute. I reckon you'd better hold on till you hear what he has to say." Then for the first time the drawn-faced, hungry-eyed giant turned his gaze upon Duane. He had intelligence which was not yet subservient to passion. Moreover, he seemed the kind of man Duane would care to have judge him in a critical moment like this.

"Listen," said Duane, gravely, with his eyes steady. "I'm Buck Duane. I never lied to any man in my life. I was forced into outlawry. I've never had a chance to leave the country. I've killed men to save my own life. I rode thirty miles to-day—deliberately to see what this reward was, who made it, what for. When I read the placard I went sick to the bottom of my soul. So I rode it here to find you—to tell you this: I never saw Shirley before to-day. It was impossible for me to have killed your wife. I set September 1 was two hundred miles north of here on the upper Pecos. I can prove that. Men who know me will tell you I couldn't murder a woman. I haven't any idea why such a deed should be laid at my hands. It's just that wild border gossip. And see here, Aiken. You understand I'm a miserable man. I'm about broken. I guess, I don't care any more for life, for anything. If you can't look me in the eyes, man to man, and believe what I say—why, by God! you can kill me!"

Aiken heaved a great breath. "Buck Duane, whether I'm impressed or not by what you say needn't matter. You've had accusers, just or unjust, as will soon appear. The thing is we can prove you innocent or guilty. My girl Lucy saw my wife's assault."

He motioned for the crowd of men to open up. "Somebody—you, Silbert—go for Lucy. That'll settle this thing."

Duane heard as a gun in an ugly dream. The faces around him, the hum of voices, all seemed far off. His life hung by the merest thread. Yet he did not think of that so much as of the brand of a woman-murderer which might be soon sealed upon him by a frightened, imaginative child.

The crowd trooped apart and closed again. Duane caught a blurred image of a slight girl clinging to Silbert's hand. He could not see distinctly. Aiken lifted the child, whispered soothingly to her not to be afraid. Then he fetched her closer to Duane.

"Lucy, tell me. Did you ever see this man before?" asked Aiken, huskily and low. "Is he the one who came in the house that day—struck you down—and dragged mamma—?"

Aiken's voice failed. A lightning flash seemed to clear Duane's blurred sight. He saw a pale, sad face and violent eyes, fixed in gloom and horror upon his. No horrible moment in Duane's life ever equaled this one of silence of suspense.

"It ain't him!" cried the child. Then Silbert was flinging the noose of Duane's neck and unweaving the bonds round his arms. The spellbound crowd broke to hoarse exclamations. "See there! my faced gents, how easy you'd hang the wrong man," burst out the cowboy, as he made the rope and his. "You all are a lot of fools, gents! (law! law!)"

He freed Duane and thrust the bone-handled gun back in Duane's holster. "You Abe, there. Reckon you pulled a stunt. I don't try the lie again. And now, I'll gamble there's a hell of a lot of bad work Buck Duane's named for, which all he never done. Clear away there. Where's his horse? Duane's road's open out of Shirley."

Silbert swept the gaping watchers aside and pressed Duane toward the horses, which another cowboy held. Mechanically Duane mounted, felt a lift as he went up. Then the cowboy's hard face softened to a smile.

"I reckon it ain't unwell of me to say 'hit that road quick!' he said, frankly. He led the horse out of the crowd. Aiken joined him, and between them they escorted Duane across the plaza. The crowd appeared irresistibly drawn to follow.

Aiken paused with his big hand on Duane's knee. In it, unconsciously probably, he still held the gun. "Duane, a word with you," he said. "I believe you're not so black as you've been painted. I wish there was time to say more. Tell me this, anyway. Do you know the Ranger Captain MacNelly?"

"I do not," replied Duane, in surprise. "I met him only a week ago over in Fairfield," went on Aiken, hurriedly. "He declared you never killed my wife. I didn't believe him—argued with him. We almost had hard words over it. Now I'm sorry. The last thing he said was: 'If you ever see Duane don't kill him. Send him into my camp after dark!' He meant something strange. What I can't say. But he was right, and I was wrong. If Lucy had married an eye I'd have killed you. Still, I wouldn't advise you to hunt up MacNelly's camp. He's clever. Maybe he believes there's no treachery in his new ideas of ranger tactics. I tell you for all it's worth. Good-by. May God help you further as he did this day."

Duane said good-by and touched the horse with his spurs. "So long, Buck!" called Silbert, with that frank smile breaking over his brown face; and he held his sombrero high.

CHAPTER XIV.

When Duane reached the crossing of the roads the name Fairfield on the sign-post seemed to be the thing that tipped the oscillating balance of decision in favor of that direction. If he had been driven to hunt up Jeff Aiken, now he was called to find this unknown ranger captain. In Duane's state of mind, clear, reasonable, common sense, or keenness were out of the question. He went because he felt he was compelled.

Buck had fallen when he rode into a town which inquiry discovered to be Fairfield. There did not appear to be any camp on the outskirts of the town. But as Duane sat his horse, peering around and undecided what further move to make, he caught the glint of flickering lights through the darkness. Flinging toward them he saw the moving forms of men and heard horses. He advanced naturally, expecting any moment to be halted.

"Who goes there?" came the sharp call out of the gloom. Duane pulled his horse. The gloom was impenetrable. "One man—alone," replied Duane. "What do you want?"

"I'm trying to find the ranger camp. You've struck it. What's your errand?" "I want to see Captain MacNelly." "Get down and advance. Slow. Don't move your hands. It's dark, but I can see."

Duane dismounted, and, leading his horse, slowly advanced a few paces. He saw a dully bright object—a gun—before he discovered the man who held it. A few more steps showed a dark figure blocking the trail. Here Duane halted.

"Here, ranger, understand this. My visit is peaceful, friendly if you'll let it be. Mind, I was asked to come here—after dark."

Duane's clear, penetrating voice carried far. The listening rangers at the camp-fire heard what he said. "Ho, Pickens! Tell that fellow to wait," replied an authoritative voice. Then a slim figure detached itself from the dark, moving group at the camp-fire and hurried out.

"Better be foxy, Cap," shouted a ranger, in warning. "Shut up—all of you," was the reply. This officer, obviously Captain MacNelly, soon joined the two rangers who were confronting Duane. He had no fear. He strode straight up to Duane.

"I'm MacNelly," he said. "If you're my man, don't mention your name—yet."

All this seemed strange to Duane, in keeping with much that had happened lately. "I met Jeff Aiken to-day," said Duane. "He sent me—"

"You met Aiken?" exclaimed MacNelly, sharp, eager, low. "By all that's a-bully!" Then he appeared to catch himself, to grow restrained. "Men, fall back, leave us alone a moment."

The ranger slowly withdrew. "Buck Duane! It's you?" he whispered, eagerly. "Yes."

"If I give you my word, can't you be arrested—you'll be treated fairly—will you come into camp and consult with me?"

"Certainly." "Duane, I'm sure glad to meet you," went on MacNelly; and he extended his hand.

Amazed and touched, a rarely realizing this actuality, Duane gave his hand and felt an unmistakable grip of warmth. "It doesn't seem natural. Captain MacNelly, but I believe I'm glad to meet you," said Duane, shyly.

"You will be. Now we'll go back to camp. Keep your identity mum for the present."

He led Duane in the direction of the campfire. "Pickens, go back on duty," he ordered, "and, Benson, you look after this horse."

When Duane got beyond the line of mesquite, which had him a good view of the camp site, he saw a group of perhaps fifteen rangers killed around the fires, near a long, low shed where horses were feeding, and a small adobe house at one side.

"We've just had grub, but I'll see you get some. Then we'll talk," said MacNelly. "I've taken up temporary quarters here. Have a rustic job on hand. Now, when you've eaten, come right into the house."

Duane was hungry, but he hurried through the ample supper that was set before him, urged on by curiosity and astonishment. While eating he had bent keen eyes around him. After a first quiet scrutiny the rangers apparently paid no more attention to him. They were all veterans in service. Duane saw that—and, as a result, powerful man of iron constitution.

Despite a general conversation of campfire nature, Duane was not deceived about the fact that his advent had been an unusual and striking one, which had caused an undercurrent of conjecture and even consternation among them. These rangers were too well trained to appear openly curious about their captain's guest. As it was, Duane felt a suspense that must have been due to a hint of his identity.

He was not long in presenting himself at the door of the house. "Come in and have a chair," said MacNelly, motioning for the one other occupant of the room to rise. "Leave

us, Russell, and close the door. I'll be through these reports right off." MacNelly sat at a table upon which was a lamp and various papers. Seen in the light he was a fine-looking, soldierly man of about forty years, dark-haired and dark-eyed, with a bronzed face, shrewd, stern, strong, yet not wanting in kindness. He scanned hastily over some papers, fussed with them, and finally put them in envelope. Settling back in his chair, he faced Duane, making a vain attempt to hide what must have been the fulfillment of a long-nourished curiosity.

"Duane, I've been hoping for this for two years," he began. Duane smiled a little—a smile that felt strange on his face. He had never been much of a smile. And such he seemed more than ordinarily difficult.

MacNelly must have felt that. He looked long and earnestly at Duane, and his quick, nervous manner



Come in and Have a Chair.

changed to grave thoughtfulness. "Ever hear from home since you left Fairfield?" he asked, abruptly. "No," replied Duane, sadly. "That's tough. I'm glad to be able to tell you that up to just lately your mother, sister, uncle—all your folks. I believe were well. I kept posted. But haven't heard lately."

"What do you think that Captain MacNelly has in store for Duane? Will Duane ever consent to go to prison?"

ACCORDING TO RANCH CODE

Cowboy Did the Only Thing He Felt There Was to Do Under the Circumstances.

A story certainly untrue, but one beautifully plausible, was told by the Ameline (Kan.) Reformer. It concerns a man who—by definition, as the author emphatically says—had spent all his life on a remote cattle ranch and was utterly inexperienced in any tender or gentler relations than those which exist between men like himself and between them and their bovine charges. This untutored yet thoroughly well-intentioned person, according to the tale as told, at last went to a border town and there, as might have been expected, he fell promptly and violently in love with the first woman with whom he became acquainted, who happened to be the pretty waitress who served him at the table. His wooing was equally sincere and successful. In a few days the twain were married and together they started back for the ranch on horseback.

A week later the cowboy returned to the town alone and of deeply sorrowful mien. To the natural and immediate inquiries that were made as to the whereabouts of his bride he replied, with tears starting in his eyes and running down his lean, bronzed cheeks: "She broke her leg two days out and I had to shoot her. And I tell you, boys," he added, "I hated to do it—she was such a good woman!"

All Began With a Dime. "Last spring a year ago," says Farm and Fireside, "a ten-year-old neighbor boy was given ten cents by his grandmother. He purchased a packet of good cucumber seed with his money and grew a nice patch of cucumbers for the local village market. His crop of cucumbers brought him a little over \$6 in money, all of which his mother allowed him to keep and spend as he pleased."

"With \$1 of his money this boy purchased a few little things for himself, and with the other \$5 he purchased a ewe lamb. By this spring his ewe lamb had grown into a mature mother sheep, and she gave birth to twin lambs. So now the boy has three sheep from his investment. The mother sheep is now worth \$10, and the lambs are worth \$5 each, making a total value of \$20 he has earned with his ten cents in a year and a half. This, says the author, is a fine example of the power of the dollar."

Marshes in Mesopotamia. The marshes of Mesopotamia were famous in the time of Alexander the Great. One of the last acts of his life, within a few weeks of his death, was a voyage down the Euphrates to the great lake of Pallakopia, about 100 miles below Babylon. This lake had been constructed by the ancient Assyrian kings to let off the water of the river when it became excessive into the marshes. It was reported not to be working well, and Alexander proposed to construct another sluice low or down. He sailed on into the marshes steering his vessel himself with his diadem on his head to explore them and the tombs of the kings and so extensive were the lakes—so vast that Alexander's fleet was way along them.

Ask for and Get SKINNER'S THE HIGHEST QUALITY MACARONI

36 Race Recipe Book Free
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LARGEST MACARONI FACTORY IN AMERICA

Don't Try For a "Killing"

—unless you can afford to lose. You hear all about the big "killing" in stocks, etc. But you don't hear anything about the losses. And the losses are far more numerous than the "killing." (But the losses wouldn't sound so well in print.) The difference between the safe and the unsafe investment is the difference between certainty and "maybe." If you have a few hundred dollars that you can afford to lose—go ahead and try for a "killing." You may happen to win. But if you want to "play safe"—if you want an investment with the chance left out and certain 6% interest left in—then

Urban Realty Mortgage Company

46-48 W. Congress St., Detroit

will sell you a \$50, \$100, \$200 or \$1,000 part of a 5%-of-cost-value First Mortgage on improved Detroit real estate—every dollar of your investment secured by more than \$2 of actual income-producing property. And you are GUARANTEED 6% by a big, strong company—with \$200,000.00 paid-up capital—no matter whether "big-killing" stocks go up or down. Ask them to tell you all about it—and furnish bank references. Then invest your savings with safety and certainty.

WHY NOT TRY POPHAM'S ASTHMA MEDICINE

Gives Prompt and Positive Relief in Every Case. Sold by Druggists. Price \$1.00. Trial Free. Homeopathic Remedies Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

WILLIAMS MFG. CO., N.Y. Cleveland, O.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM
A Complete Hair Dressing
For Restoring Color and
Beauty to Faded Hair
Sole and Retail at Druggists.

Men and Women: Write for information concerning Field's Tonic for nervous troubles, debility, insomnia, loss of appetite, Pamphlet sent. Homeopathic Remedies Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

PATENTS

Opportunity. The train was passing through a prairie state, and the hardware drummer had forgotten to provide himself with a drink. When the train stopped at a little station he got out and asked a native on the depot platform if there was any place in town where he could get a drink.

"You're just a day too late, stranger," he replied sadly. "The sheriff raided every place in town last night and confiscated all the booze. They're tryin' the fellers that sold it up to the courthouse right now."

"Lead me to that courthouse," commanded the drummer, pressing a coin into the native's hand. "They might want an expert up there to sample that stuff and tell 'em what it really is."

Loading Guns With Air. Jack Tar knows what it means to tote heavy shells around ship, but Jack Tar will not need to worry about this duty longer, according to the Popular Science Monthly. Ammunition is now loaded by pneumatic tube straight from the magazine to the firing turret.

Paradoxical. "That fellow has a screw loose," "He doesn't mend matters by getting tight."

Don't expect a soft answer when you call men hard names.

If Coffee don't agree use POSTUM

There's a Reason



Postum Cereal Co. Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

GRAND AMERICAN HANDICAP

The Greatest Trapshooting Event of the Year, Won with Winchester "Repeater" Shells.

The Grand American Handicap, the trapshooting classic, equivalent to the World's Series in Baseball, the highest honor the world has to bestow in trapshooting, the event that marks the climax in the trapshooter's career, was won by Capt. J. F. Walf, of Milwaukee, with the wonderful score of 80x100 from the 19-yard mark. In making this great win he shot Winchester "Repeater" loaded shells.

The National Amateur Championship was won by F. M. Troch, of the State of Washington. Mr. Troch also took second place for National Amateur Championship at Doubles. He also won the Mound City Overture, and the General Average on all targets, and the General Average on 10-yard targets. In winning all these events, Mr. Troch used a Winchester repeating shotgun.

The Women's National Championship, the first event of the kind ever staged at a Grand American Handicap, was won by Mrs. J. D. Dalton, of Warsaw, Indiana, with a Winchester repeating shotgun.

The Dunsburgh Trophy, emblematic of the Professional Championship, was won by Phil H. Miller with a Winchester repeating shotgun.

The Hercules All-around Amateur Championship was won by Edw. L. Bartlett, of Baltimore, with Winchester loaded shells. This was a hard match to win, as it called for 50 singles at 18, 20, 22 yards, respectively, and 25 doubles at 10 yards.

This was a great cleanup for Winchester guns and shells and a demonstration of their wonderful shooting qualities.

More War.

Mrs. Styles—I want one of those new military helmets.

Mr. Styles—How much are they?

"Only nineteen dollars."

"I can't afford that, and I don't see why you want a military helmet. You're not going to fight, are you, my dear?"

"And if I don't get the helmet."

But you can't get rid of your steno-grapher by marrying her.

GIRL COULD NOT WORK

How She Was Relieved from Pain by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Taunton, Mass.—"I had pains in both sides and when my periods came I had to stay at home from work and suffer a long time. One day a woman came to our house and asked my mother why I was suffering. Mother told her that I suffered every month and she said, 'Why don't you buy a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound?' My mother bought it and the next month I was so well that I worked all the month without staying at home a day. I am in good health now and have told lots of girls about it."—Miss CLARICE MORRIS, 22 Russell Street, Taunton, Mass.

Thousands of girls suffer in silence every month rather than consult a physician. If girls who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, backache, headache, dragging-down sensations, fainting spells or indigestion would take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a safe and pure remedy made from roots and herbs, much suffering might be avoided.

Write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. (confidential) for free advice which will prove helpful.

ASTHMA

DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S REMEDY for the prompt relief of Asthma and Hay Fever. Ask your druggist for it. 25 cents a bottle. Write for FREE SAMPLE. Northrop & Lyman Co., Inc., Buffalo, N.Y.

DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S REMEDY

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible for the fact that they not only give relief but they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin, SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature.

Developing any size Roll Film, postpaid, 10 cents. DETROIT.

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 39-1916.

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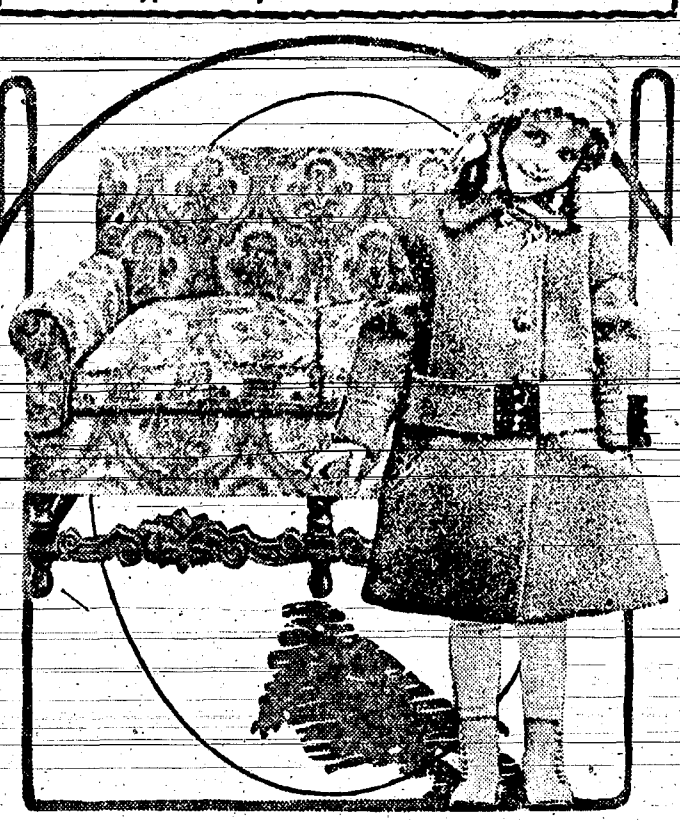
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Driving Coat of Bolivia Cloth



There is an interesting distribution of new names each season given to our tried friends in the realm of apparel, and to colors and shades of colors with which we are familiar. Which goes to show that new names and new interest to the most necessary of our belongings. An instance is to be seen in the comfortable utility coat pictured, which is now called a "driving" coat. And it is a good coat for driving, as good as it is for walking, which is very good indeed. This model is made of Bolivia cloth—a strong, deep blue, and the manner in which it is cut is worth studying. There is a yoke at the front which extends over the shoulder but not across the back. This allows the back to fall in straight lines from the neck to the hem. It is shaped into a gradual flare and its effect is to narrow the figure across the shoulders. The yoke extends to the bust line.

Typical Style in Little Girl's Coat



For the coat picture velvet in light colors has led the procession in styles for little misses. For the girl from three to five or six years the gayest colors are used—several shades of light blue, green, rose and gray. Besides these colors the shades fashionable for grownups make up many of the "coats." In "color," trapezoid, very dark brown, dark blue, and red. There is little variation in the models so far as style is concerned. But for coats that are to serve for everyday wear heavy cloths are used. Bolivia cloth and certain of the fur-fabrics, with chevrons and some new weaves are among them. They are in the darker standard colors—dark gray, brown, blue, and ecru—always find the greatest number of admirers. A dark velvety coat with small motifs of its finishing is a typical style for the little girl. It is a good model to follow when fur-fabrics are used, for such heavy fabrics require plain designs. The coat hangs straight from the shoulders, widening from the underarm to the bottom of the skirt. It is slightly double-breasted and fastens with dark gray metal buttons. The lining of black velvet at the collar and cuffs and in a narrow panel at the front of the belt gives this little garment the necessary space of contrast and brightens it considerably. Small metal buttons, like the larger ones that fasten the coat, and the black velvet the best of backgrounds. They lend a little of brilliancy also. Machine stitching forms the finish for the inset pockets at each side and for the belt and cuffs. It gives the effect of a heavy cord in the goods on all edges of the coat. Coats of these heavy materials have such good lasting qualities that they may be relied upon for two seasons' wear. They are bought simply large, whether with this idea in mind or not.

Julia B. Bently

Nightgown Pockets.

To be up to the minute as far as lingerie is concerned one must have a little pocket on the nightgown. This may be made of rows of fine lace, just a single motif of fine lace, one charming nightgown has for its pocket a heart-shaped medallion of Venetian lace with the softest of French ribbon drawn through it. To make this idea complete there should be tiny handkerchiefs edged with narrow lace matching the robe's trimming to be tucked in the dainty pockets.

Old pink, or ashes of roses as it is called this summer, and natter blue, are two charming shades that are combined in a summer afternoon frock. The skirt is of taffeta in the ashes of roses shade, with a gathered tunic and a gathered founce set of the tunic in a sturdy vandyked line the edge of the founce flaring in vandyked also, each point touching the edge of the taffeta skirt of the same material. There are two narrow frills of the silk, one following the vandyked

line where the founce is attached, the other, also in a vandyked line, at the hips. The bodice of natter taffeta falls over the waistline in small vandyked and a tiny flat bow is set in each crop point on the waistline. The effect is a bit fantastic, but altogether captivating for a youthful figure.

Pretty rosettes of platted linen trim summer frocks. They are used as large roses would be placed, one or two on the skirt and another at the

girdle.

girdle.

girdle.

The KITCHEN CABINET

We are all imperfect and the two things that make it possible for imperfect people to live together in peace and joy are forgiving and forgetting.

FOR DAINTY APPETITES.

Cut an unpeeled eggplant in one-fourth-inch slices, salt each; put them together again and press under a heavy weight an hour or more. Cut them into equal lengths a fourth of an inch wide, rejecting the skin, dry them and roll them in flour and cornmeal mixed; season with salt, pepper, and a dash of nutmeg. Drop a few at a time into hot olive oil and fry until a delicate brown. Drain on soft paper and serve at once.

Macaroni Savory.—Take a quart of cooked macaroni, two green peppers, two onions, chop the vegetables and fry 15 minutes in olive oil, tossing them constantly; add one cupful of tomatoes and a half cupful of grated cheese.

Masked Sweetbreads.—Remove the whites and skin from a pound of blanching sweetbreads, then put through the meat grinder with two slices of salt pork. Form into cutlets and roll them in cheese cloth to keep their shape. Place on ice to become firm. After an hour or two sauté them on one side only using butter; then place them in a buttered baking sheet, baked side up. Cover them with the following mixture: Scald a small onion in water five minutes, drain and slice it and cook in a tablespoonful of butter until it is slightly browned; add one cupful of stock and cook until tender; press through a sieve with the stock. Add three tablespoonfuls of butter; add a third of a cupful of cream; add a teaspoonful of salt and a little pepper. Add enough cream to the onion and stock mixture to make one and a half cupfuls; add this to the mixture in the pan; when boiling, add one large egg, cook for a moment, then add a dash of cayenne and nutmeg. Cover the sweetbreads about a fourth of an inch with this; coat them over with bread crumbs, mixed in melted butter. Place a whole mushroom, cooked in butter, on each center, and garnish with strips of truffe or red and green peppers. Bake ten minutes. Serve with a brown mushroom sauce around the edge of the plate with a mound of fried eggplant straws in the center.

Chestnut Soup.—Boil four dozen large chestnuts for 15 minutes; let them cool and peel them. Cook the chestnuts in three tablespoonfuls of melted butter for a few minutes, not letting them brown. Add to this three parts of chicken stock that has been well seasoned and let cook slowly until the chestnuts are soft. Put through a sieve and return to the stock. Serve with cream.

Who takes his time and day by day Passes his life in a happy way And lives a life of plenty; However, if he does not know He will not tell his story. It will grow cold in a minute, Who takes his time and day by day.

CHOICE, COOL DISHES.

Boiled Cucumbers.—Pare and cut the cucumbers in halves, lengthwise, and boil in salted water until tender, then drain. Make a sauce of one tablespoonful each of butter and flour and one cupful of water in which the cucumbers were cooked; add salt, pepper and the juice of half a lemon; when thick and smooth, add one half a pint of cream, and one tablespoonful of cooked peas. Lay the cucumber on strips of toast and pour the sauce over them.

Green Peppers in Tomato Sauce.—Cut up two quarts of fresh tomatoes, add one teaspoonful of salt, and boil over a quick fire for half an hour, stirring occasionally; then strain. There should be a pint or more. Put half a cupful of oil in a casserole, and when hot add two cloves of garlic finely minced, fry them until brown. Now add the strained tomatoes, a tablespoonful of minced parsley and three small bay leaves. Boil ten minutes. Cut ten green peppers in strips, removing the seeds and stems, and add them to the tomato sauce and cook half an hour. Serve hot.

Stuffed Peppers.—Cut off the stem end of four sweet peppers and fill with rice, chicken, celery, onion, juice, salt and pepper to taste. Moisten with olive oil and a little tomato. Sprinkle lightly with cheese and bake 40 minutes.

INTERESTING ITEMS

The warfare is spreading against the prairie dog. In Texas alone they annually eat enough grass to feed 1,625,000 cows.

Japan is becoming interested in sheep raising. The Imperial stock farm at Hokkaido has bought animals in Australia.

The world "Old" occurs 46,527 times in Holy Scriptures, 10,984 times in the Old Testament and 35,543 times in the New Testament.

Paris has opened an exposition of materials and methods of reconstructing damaged buildings, farms, highways, bridges, villages, etc.

Driven by a kerosene motor, a motorcycle has been invented that carries four persons seated ahead of one another and is controlled by the man on the back seat.

There are more than 100,000 acres of alga palms in the Philippines, and the Insular government is endeavoring to produce cheap sugar and alcohol from their sap.

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SPEEDING IS UNDER A BAN

Heavy Penalty Follows Reckless Driving in French War Zone.

"Strapped to a wagon in full view of the troops for two hours a day, loss of 90 days' pay and loss to the wife of the man's allotment," was the punishment awarded by a field court-martial to a driver for "slightly exceeding the speed limit." Was Mr. Lloyd-George aware of the case? Mr. C. Watson asks.

The court martial was quite within its rights in the matter of the case. Very strict regulations have been laid down to prevent reckless driving in France; the authorities there having had their attention called to a number of cases where children had been injured owing to that cause.

Of Course Not.

"The engineers of both trains lost their heads."

"Then it was not a head-on collision."

Whales are reported off the coast of Maine.

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OLD PRESCRIPTION

FOR WEAK KIDNEYS

A medicinal preparation like Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, that has real curative value almost sells itself. Like an endless chain system the remedy is recommended by those who have been benefited by those who are in need of it.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is a physician's prescription. It has been tested for years and has brought results to count less numbers who have suffered.

The success of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is due to the fact that it fulfills almost every claim in overcoming kidney, liver and bladder diseases, correcting urinary troubles and neutralizing the uric acid which causes rheumatism.

Do not suffer. Get a bottle of Swamp-Root from any druggist now. Start treatment today.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., P.O. Box 589, New York, for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

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Save the Babies.

INFANT MORTALITY is something frightful. We can hardly realize that of all the children born in civilized countries, twenty-two per cent., or nearly one-quarter, die before they reach one year; thirty-seven per cent., or more than one-third, before they are five, and one-half before they are fifteen.

We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save a majority of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infant deaths are caused by the use of purgative preparations. Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium or morphia. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity they stupefy, retard circulation and lead to congestions, sickness, death. Castoria operates exactly the reverse, but you must see that it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. Castoria causes the blood to circulate properly, opens the pores of the skin and allays fever.

Genuine Castoria always bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

W. L. DOUGLAS

THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE

\$3.00 \$2.50 \$4.00 \$4.50 \$5.00

Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers.

The Best Known Shoes in the World.

W. L. Douglas shoes are made and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes in the factory. This is guaranteed.

The shoes are protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas shoes is guaranteed by more than 40 years' experience in making shoes. The master shoemakers are the leaders in the Fashion Center of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

Ask your shoe dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he does not supply you with the kind you want, take no other shoe. Write for interesting booklet explaining how to get ahead of the highest standard of quality for the price. By return mail, postage free.

LOOK FOR W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom.

W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., Brockton, Mass.

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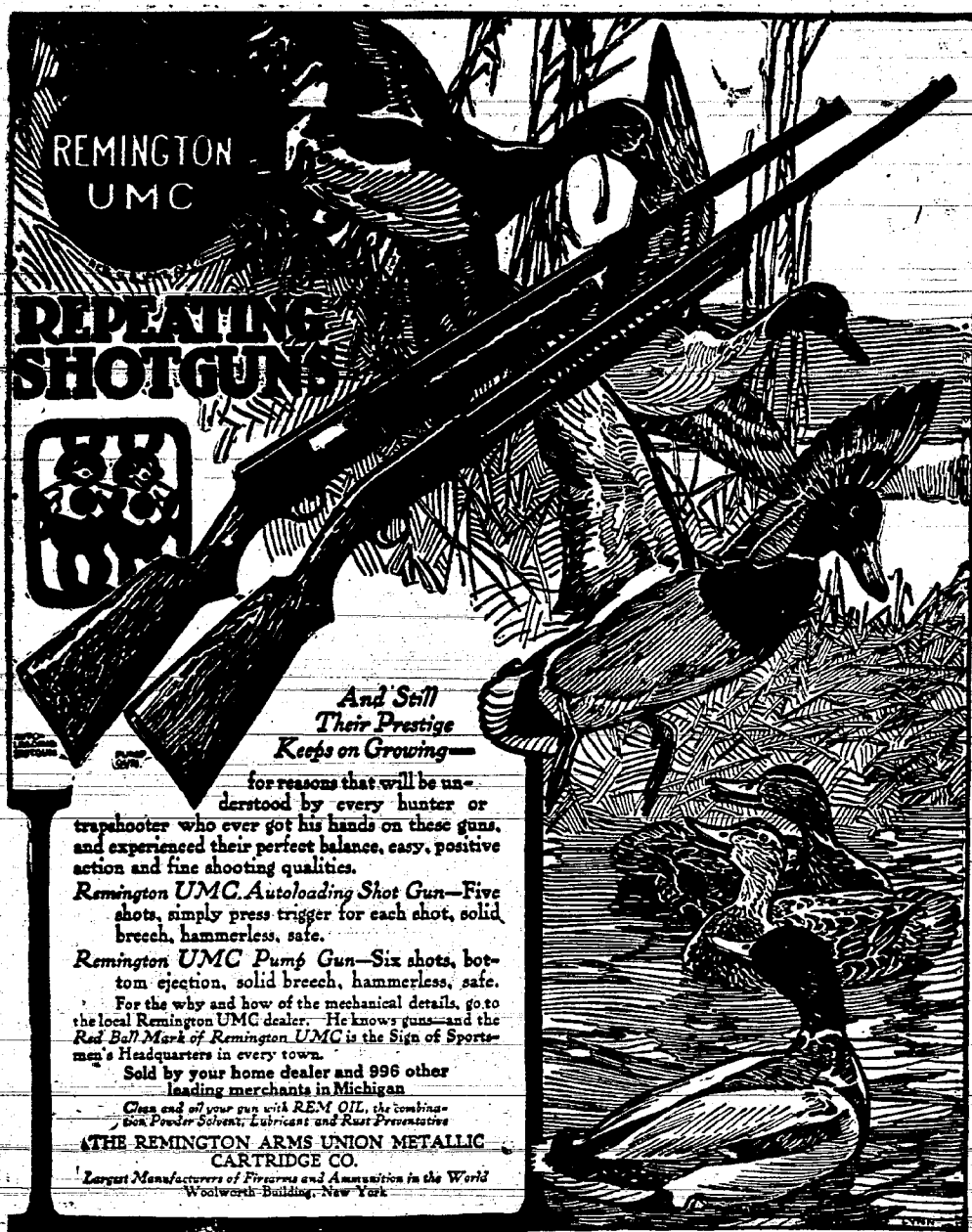
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REMINGTON UMC

REPEATING SHOTGUNS

And Still Their Prestige Keeps on Growing

for reasons that will be understood by every hunter or trapshooter who ever got his hands on these guns, and experienced their perfect balance, easy, positive action and fine shooting qualities.

Remington UMC Autoloading Shot Gun—Five shots, simply press trigger for each shot, solid breech, hammerless, safe.

Remington UMC Pump Gun—Six shots, bottom ejection, solid breech, hammerless, safe.

For the why and how of the mechanical details, go to the local Remington UMC dealer. He knows guns and the Red Bull Mark of Remington UMC is the Sign of Sportsman's Headquarters in every town.

Sold by your home dealer and 996 other leading merchants in Michigan.

Check off your gun with RENT OIL, the combining Grease Solvent, Lubricant and Rust Preventative.

THE REMINGTON ARMS UNION METALLIC CARTRIDGE CO.

Largest Manufacturers of Firearms and Ammunition in the World
Westbrook Building, New York

State Prohibition and License

I rode on horseback through from Saginaw to Jackson and counted the saloons at the cross-roads, where the boys from the country would come after their mail, and there were forty-nine.

Two years after we secured license I went through again. I counted the number of saloons and there were seven, because, with the license system, they could not support more.

Time went on; the license was raised and we controlled the business as best we could, and, now, here we are today asking to put in absolute prohibition.

IF WE DO, IN MY JUDGMENT, WE WOULD HAVE PRACTICALLY THE SAME CONDITIONS WE HAD IN YEARS BACK, WHEN WE HAD STATE PROHIBITION.

AFTER HAVING SEEN THE EFFECTS OF ABSOLUTE PROHIBITION I DO NOT WANT TO SEE IT AGAIN BECOME A LAW IN THIS STATE.

THERE ARE HUNDREDS OF DIVISIONS OF THE STATE WHERE WE CAN ENFORCE IT, SO, LET US START THERE IN A SMALL WAY AND GROW UP TO IT.

EIGHT YEARS AGO

Hon. Wellington R. Burt spoke the above words when he appeared before the Michigan Constitutional Convention, January 30th, 1908. The principles of Home Rule, and a smaller unit of option were outlined by Mr. Burt.

He declared state-wide prohibition to be an unworthy craft. Home Rule allows the unit of prohibition and regulation to be city, village and township in form.

It provides for community law and community enforcement; it fosters sane, safe, democratic and stable government of affairs.

VOTE "YES"

for the Home Rule—smaller unit amendment November 7th.

VOTE "NO"

against the state-wide prohibition amendment.

Write for the booklet—"State-Prohibition The Destroyer of Revenues and Property."

L. J. Wilson, Publicity Manager, Michigan Home Rule League, 1933 Dime Bank, Detroit, Mich.

Correspondence.

Frederic School Notes.
Herman Wilcox has resigned his position with M. C. R. R. and has entered the High School.

Mae McDermid spent most of her vacation at Mackinaw and Boyne City. Sec. Barber was out of town this week.

The school swings have been repaired after their summer's use and are again in good shape.

Fifteen are enrolled in the Short-hand Department.

The Wilbur sisters spent their vacation at Boynton.

The school board sends a warm, but every morning to bring in the children, living north of town.

Mr. Goshorn of the school board was in Grayling Saturday.

The free text book system is working fine; it is cheaper and better for all.

Harry Reynolds, of the High School had a call from East Jordan Saturday to play ball. Harry is some ball player.

Most all the pupils of last year are back again and so many new ones that it would be hard to name them all.

More new seats had to be put in Miss Malco's room and in the High School.

Elland Smock has the contract for bringing in the children from the camp and then attends High School during the day.

Bessie Malco and Flora Malco are both attending this school this year.

Gertrude Bigham has moved into town and is staying at Mrs. Terhune's.

Strong paper covers were put on the text books before giving them to the children.

Supt. Wood has a new office, this year, and the old office being used for typewriting.

President Horton, of the school board was out of town last week.

The Oliver sisters were in Roscom. Monday during vacation.

Talk about ambition; Ruth Edmonds walks seven miles each day to attend the High School.

Miss Cameron led the Monday morning exercises this week.

Flora Malco is cashier of the bank in the Bookkeeping department.

A new recitation room has been added to the school.

A new clock has been put in the High School room.

The school board intends to have the entire basement cemented this winter.

Arma Cravan was in Flint on a visit during vacation.

Lottie Forbes, of Rochester, is attending school here.

Nellie Courney has returned from Vanderbilt.

Elton Barber, who has been working for J. Higgins this summer, has returned to school.

Morcy Abrahams was in Detroit.

Roy McDermid was in Mackinaw.

Casey and Letty Johnson have quit the Patterson school and have entered here. We had to have them.

Roy Brown started school this week.

All pupils in Miss Cameron's room are back from their vacation trip except Cleo Horton and Raymond Brown. Many new pupils have entered her room this year.

Two new recitation seats have been put in the Intermediate room.

Edna Brady of Grayling has entered the fourth grade here.

Helen Johnson is back to our school again.

Everyone started Monday morning exercises with the right spirit.

Joey Masher visited in Miss Cameron's room Friday. He was on his way to Flint.

Even with the chill winds blowing, base ball has not lost its favor with the younger boys.

The Peirce speller is being used in the sixth grade.

Some of the sixth graders are getting very anxious for "History time" to begin, and are reading history during their spare moments.

There are forty-one pupils enrolled in the Primary room.

Lillis Osgood of Pinconning is attending school here this year.

Don't Neglect The Kidneys.

Do you take a kidney tablet once in a while, the same as you do a cathartic? If you don't, you should, because the kidneys are blood filters and need cleaning themselves the same as your bowels. Dr. Navaun's Kidney Tablets are for this purpose and are for sale at Mr. Lewis' store. Samples will be sent on request by the Botanic Drug Co., Detroit, Mich.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, ss.

Lucas County,
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1936.
(Seal) A. W. Gleason,
Notary Public
Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75 cents.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Thirty years of satisfactory performance stand for more than a mere claim and represent far more than the statement seems to imply.

Lily White

"The Flour the Best Cooks Use"

has an unblemished reputation of more than thirty years' standing.

Lily White secured this reputation by producing the lightest, whitest, tenderest, most wholesome and delicious bread and pastries.

VALLEY CITY MILLING CO.,
Grand Rapids, Mich.

Eldorado Nuggets.

Fred Hartman, who left last Tuesday for a short visit with his brother Floyd, at Blissfield, returned Saturday.

Mrs. Margaret Wehnes and daughter Frances, returned Saturday after a week's visit with their daughter and sister, Mrs. Charles Ferguson of Hillman.

Mr. and Mrs. John Torrey of Roscommon drove out to the Knight farm Sunday, then with Mrs. Knight they drove out to Luzerne and paid a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Deeter.

Elmer Head went to Pontiac last Thursday with a carload of cattle, which he has been buying.

Joseph Royce is the latest purchaser of a 1917 Model Ford touring car.

James F. Crane drove to Grayling Thursday. He was accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Bord J. Funch.

Mrs. Joseph Howe is spending a few weeks with her daughter, Mrs. Elmer Head.

The party given by Mrs. Petske Saturday evening was well attended.

The road crew has returned to the work on the road near E. P. Richardson's, after a week's lay off to attend to crops.

Mr. and Mrs. David Martfu and children, George and Helen, and Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Kellogg spent Sunday at the Wehnes farm. Miss Frances Wehnes returned with the Martins to begin school in their district Monday.

Sigsbee Cossip.

(Too late for last week.)

C. E. Wakely has new batteries in his phone now and it works O. K. again.

A new roof has been put on the rain-bow club and it sure looks fine.

Carl Babbitt left Thursday night for Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. Pappas and family and Mr. and Mrs. Hanna and family and Mike McCormick spent Sunday at the Meadow Brook farm.

Miss Louise Hanna spent several days last week with her sister, Mrs. T. L. Wakely.

Paul Feldhauser has been pushing the plow for several days and is now getting ready for fall crops.

Did you see Hoffman's hay stack? Everybody could have a lot of hay like that if they were not afraid the scythe snatch would blister their hands.

Will Leonard has his corn all cut.

N. B. Goodard returned home last week, after spending several days in Detroit.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, ss.
Lucas County,
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1936.
(Seal) A. W. Gleason,
Notary Public
Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75 cents.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Lovells.

Mrs. Page, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Caid and family returned to her home in Detroit Tuesday.

Mrs. Mann returned to Frederic Tuesday, after spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. B. Boutell.

Mrs. Gale went to Gaylord Tuesday.

Mrs. Stillwagon visited friends in Frederic last week returning home Thursday.

John Currier was a Lewiston caller Wednesday.

E. H. Parker and family enjoyed last Sunday with N. Sikora and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Schumann and Mr. and Mrs. Gillette of Grayling were callers at the North Branch Outing club Sunday.

W. E. Husted of West Branch visited his wife and daughters a few days this week. He was accompanied by his grand daughter, Marguerite of Flint, who will visit relatives for a number of days.

Fred Lee and Miss Florence McCormick returned from Detroit Monday morning.

Mrs. Carl Lyntz and Mrs. Caid were callers in Grayling Wednesday.

A baby girl arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. Kellogg last Wednesday, Sept. 13.

T. E. Douglas spent Sunday at St. Helen's Shooting club, returning Monday with a fine mess of ducks.

C. F. Underhill was in Grayling on business last week.

Dr. Keyport was a Lovells caller Wednesday last.

Mrs. A. J. Pearsall of Johannesburg spent a few days in Lovells the fore part of the week preparing to move here the last of this week.

Constipation The Father of many ills.

Of the numerous ills that effect humanity a large share start with constipation. Keep your bowels regular and they may be avoided. When a laxative is needed take Chamberlain's Tablets. They not only move the bowels but improve the appetite and strengthen the digestion. Obtainable everywhere.

For Sale.

Lots numbered five and six, on the northwest corner of block twenty-eight, Roffee's addition can be bought cheap for cash. A fine location.

40 acres, one-half mile from the village; 7 acres in pasture; entire 40 fenced. About ten acres low land, balance good farming land; sawing timber removed. Price \$600.00.

Two dwellings, in desirable locations on Bink's addition, and a number of vacant lots, are offered cheap on reasonable terms.

O. Palmer.

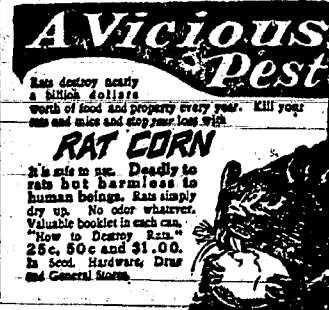
Paperhanging and Kalsomining

We do paperhanging and kalsomining, interior decorating and painting. Let us give you an estimate on your work.

All Work Done Promptly and Satisfactorily

We also sell
WALL PAPER

Conrad Sorenson
Painter and Decorator
Phone 613



A Vicious Pest

Keep your house clean and your property safe. Kill your rats and mice and keep your house clean.

RAT CORN

It's a sure thing. Ready to eat but harmless to humans. Bait for rats and mice. No odor. No danger. No harm. 25¢, 50¢ and \$1.00. In Scott, Hudson, Drug and General Store.

Central Drug Store

HUMPHREYS'

Humphreys' Homeopathic Remedies are designed to meet the needs of families or invalids, something that mother, father, nurse or invalid can take or give to meet the need of the moment. Have been in use for over SIXTY YEARS.

No.	FOR	Price
1	Fever, Coughs, Indigestion, etc.	25
2	Cold, Cough, and Whooping Cough	25
3	Diarrhea, of Children and Adults	25
4	Cough, Cold, Bronchitis, etc.	25
5	Toothache, Faceache, Neuralgia, etc.	25
6	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo, etc.	25
7	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach, etc.	25
8	Croup, Hoarse Cough, Laryngitis, etc.	25
9	Whooping Cough	25
10	Whooping Cough	25
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45	Whooping Cough	25
46	Whooping Cough	25
47	Whooping Cough	25
48	Whooping Cough	25
49	Whooping Cough	25
50	Whooping Cough	25

Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price. Medical Book mailed free.

HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINE CO., CORNELL, N.Y.

Manistee & N. E. R. R. Time Card

In effect June 19, 1916.

Read Down.	Read Up.
A. M. P. M.	P. M. P. M.
18.00 12.35	11.50 14.00
9.18 3.02	11.11 3.02
9.56 3.26	12.46 1.46
11.40 3.55	12.20 1.00
4.31 1.00	11.03 10.29
4.46 1.00	10.39 1.00
5.22 1.00	9.55 1.00
5.39 1.00	9.45 1.00
5.46 1.00	9.39 1.00
6.17 1.00	9.15 1.00
A. M. P. M.	P. M. P. M.
12.35 14.10	11.20 16.40
8.21 4.52	10.34 5.52
8.43 5.14	10.10 5.30
8.49 5.33	9.55 5.19
9.23 6.01	9.23 4.53
9.31 6.09	9.14 4.43
9.53 6.24	8.57 4.22
9.59 6.30	8.51 4.16
10.15 6.45	8.35 4.00
A. M. P. M.	P. M. P. M.

* Daily, except Sunday.
* Local freight trains.

Drs. Insley & Keyport Physicians & Surgeons

Office over Lewis & Co's. Drug Store.

Office Hours—2-4, 7-8 p. m. Mornings and Sundays by appointment. Residence on Peninsula Avenue, opposite G. A. R. Hall.

Bank of Grayling.

Successor to Crawford County Exchange Bank.

MARIUS HANSON PROPRIETOR.

Interest paid on certificates of deposit. Collections promptly attended to. All accommodations extended that are consistent with safe and conservative banking.

G. A. Canfield, D.D.S. DENTIST

OFFICE: Over Alexander's Law Office, on Michigan Avenue.

Office hours: 8.30-11 a. m. 1-3.30 p. m.

J. Atwood Whitaker, M.D. Physician and Surgeon

Office over Central Drug Store. Office hours 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m. Residence on Maple street, first residence from Michigan avenue. Office phone 842. Residence phone 303.

GLEN SMITH, Attorney and Solicitor, PROSECUTING ATTORNEY GRAYLING, MICH. Phone 62.

Dr. J. J. Love DENTIST

Phone 1271
Hours: 9 to 11:30 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m.
Office: Upstairs next to postoffice

O. Palmer ATTORNEY AT LAW

FIRE INSURANCE and REAL ESTATE
Office in Avalanche Building

O. P. Schumann Justice of the Peace

At Avalanche Office



B. PETER JOHNSON

For Sheriff

Candidate on Democratic Ticket

I will appreciate your vote at the general election Nov. 7, 1916.

It Pays to let Folks Know Where Your Store Is and What You Have to Sell